#### 1. INTRODUCTION

India has the second largest educational system in the world. A focus on quality, access and relevance of higher education to achieve the required social transformation for sustainable economic development of the country has been the national priority. Qualitative improvement in higher education, to realize the desired dimensions of human resource development necessitated the establishment of the premier Quality Assurance Agency – NAAC – by the UGC, in 1994, to assess and accredit the country's HEIs. Quality assurance is not an event! It is a continuous process and a relentless pursuit to achieve academic excellence. It is an ongoing, dynamic and life-long endeavor of any institution. As the primary goal of institutional accreditation by NAAC is to provide the information needed to improve the experience of the 'learning communities', it is envisaged that NAAC plays a larger role in internalizing and institutionalizing quality assurance. Towards achieving this goal, while the participation of all stakeholders is essential, the involvement of student participation in the institutional quality enhancement processes is crucial and invaluable, because of the following:

- ☐ Students are the largest group within any HEI, and therefore are the main stakeholders who have a much stronger voice than any other stakeholders.
- Students are quite well informed, committed, participative, motivated and curious, and this provides for valuable contributions.
- The several dimensions of student participation often surpass the four walls of the institution and other academic frontiers, following the trend that induces or obliges the institutions to open up to the society.
- Of late, world over, there is a wide and positive attitude towards increased student influence in higher education governance including the role of student activism in social changes.

Students could therefore be the driving force behind ambitious and far reaching Higher Education reforms.

#### Stakeholders of an educational institution:

- \* Government
- \* Institution (Management)
- \* Academic world (Teachers and others)
- \* Students
- \* Employers
- \* Society at large

Recognizing the significance of learners as the main stakeholders in education, NAAC has initiated the establishment between the Student Charter, (Annexure 1), has made provisions for a formal interaction between the peer team members and a random group of students during every institutional visit for assessment and accreditation to seek responses to a set of questions (Annexure 2), and has laid emphasis on HEIs to encourage student feedback practices through appropriate questionnaires (Annexure 3). More recently, NAAC has also published case studies of Best practices in student feedback and participation (Patil, 2007). All these are efforts of the NAAC to involve students in the quality assurance, quality sustenance and quality enhancement processes of HEIs, as per the provisions of its Mission, (See Figure 1):

Figure 1: NAAC's role in the Quality of HEIs.

#### **NAAC's Primary Role**



Assessment and accreditation of HEIs on a set of criteria and key indicators



Promotes internalization of quality sustenance and quality assurance processes within the institution

(IQAC and its planned activities)

#### **NAAC's Mission**



Quality awareness and consciousness amongst all stakeholders of the institution (<u>Students</u>, Teachers, Parents, Managers, Administrators and the Public)



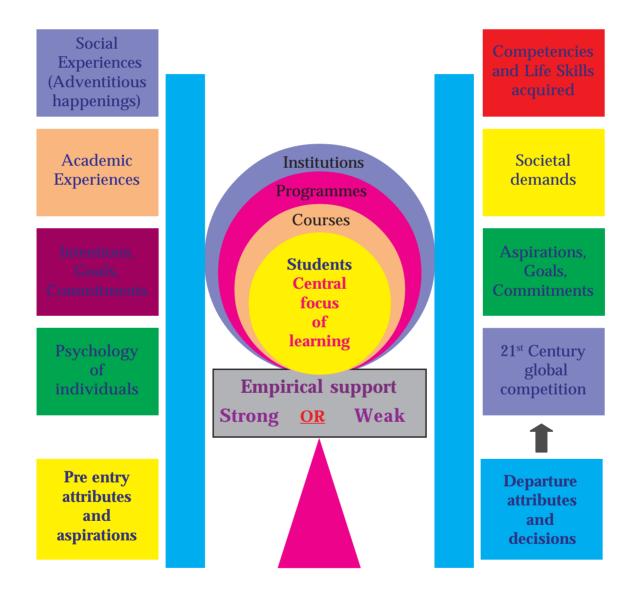
Promotes participatory management practices including student participation





**Quality Enhancement of the Institution** 

Moving further, NAAC declared the year 2006 as the year of "Students participation in quality enhancement". 'Nothing for us without us' was the slogan by NAAC, to publicize the importance of student participation in the quality enhancement exercise of an institution. In evaluating the institutional effectiveness, NAAC more than recognizes the pivotal role of students not only as the main stakeholders of any institution but also as central to the entire process of educational experience that an institution can provide (Figure 2).



**Figure 2: Evaluating Institutional Effectiveness** 

#### 1.1 Planning of the Seminars

At the outset, a meeting of select Directors of UGC Academic Staff Colleges, was organized by NAAC under the Chairmanship of the Director, NAAC on June 24, 2006 (Annexure 4). At this meeting, it was unanimously agreed that a one-day Seminar on 'Students Participation in Quality Enhancement' should be organized by select Academic staff Colleges during August/September 2006. The main objective of the envisaged activities during the dedicated year 2006 of NAAC was not only to promote a general quality awareness amongst students but also to provide a platform to the learner community to share its quality concerns and educational experiences at the HEIs. It is to be recorded here that these ten seminars were the first of their kind, to provide discussion platforms for students drawn from HEIs already assessed and accredited by NAAC. The interactions have also provided NAAC, a first hand feedback on the extent of awareness and involvement of students in the quality assessment and assurance mechanisms of institutions hitherto accredited by it. Such an exercise has also enabled NAAC to take cognizance of various student-related factors during the evaluation of institutional effectiveness.

#### 1.2 Methodology of the organization of the seminars

Ten Academic Staff Colleges of ten universities were selected and given the responsibility of organizing the one-day seminars (Annexure 5). The Director of each ASC was nominated as the convener of the respective seminar, and it was expected that she/he would invite a random group of fifty students across the institutions coming under the jurisdiction of the respective universities, to yield a meaningful sample size of five hundred student participants. The conveners were also requested to invite students, giving due representations to equity, gender, social status, UG/ PG streams and research students of the university. NAAC had also provided a proforma for the organization of the one-day seminar (Annexure 6). Each student participant was also asked to document her/his profile in the structured questionnaire prepared by NAAC (Annexure 7) and after the seminar, the participants were also asked to give a feedback on the seminar, to the organizers (Annexure 8). Since freedom was given to the Directors of the respective ASCs, to adopt other organizational procedures in their own wisdom, the process of seeking voluntary participation from the student community and the modus of the organization of the seminars varied to some extent.

All the ten seminars had distinguished panels of academicians to observe, guide, facilitate and moderate the discussion proceedings of the interactions with the students and at three places, NAAC had also nominated its academic staff as observers (Annexure 9).

Each student participant was asked to voice her/his responses to the following three themes:

- 1. My understanding of 'Quality'
- 2. Students' views matter Feedback mechanisms for Quality Enhancement
- 3. Students' participation in institutional Quality Assessment by NAAC

To elicit bold and frank responses from the student participants, and to render the discussions more focused and meaningful, students were also given a choice to respond without any reservations of disclosure of names to the authorities. At all the ten seminars, students were assured of their freedom of democratic participation and they were also given the choice to speak not necessarily in English but also in any other Indian language in which they were more confident and comfortable for communicating fluently. Therefore, it is also to be assumed that the English versions of the report submitted by the organizers are true reflections of what transpired during the oral presentations of the students.

After each seminar, the Director of each ASC was asked to compile the proceedings and send a detailed report to the NAAC. Since these reports are compiled by organizers, it is assumed that the contents of the report, (especially the responses reflecting the student's opinions, are those of the students and not of those of the people who have compiled the report).

An analysis of these reports on the proceedings of the ten one-day seminars on "Student Participation in Quality Enhancement", is presented in this document.

#### 1.2.1 Number of Participating students

Table 1 presents the data on university-wise number of student participants. A total of 476 students participated in the ten seminars. It is significant to note that the maximum number of participants were from Gauwati University and the least from Dr. B. Ambedkar Marathwada University.

Table 1: University-wise distribution of student participants

UNIVERSITY	NUMBER
Rajasthan	44
Himachal Pradesh	59
Gauwati	81
Calcutta	45
Kerala	45
Pune	41
Osmania	42
Dr. B. Ambedkar Marathwada	24
Jamia Millia Islamia	35
Bangalore	60
Total	476

#### 1.3 The Target Groups of Student participants

Students (both women and men), from more than 10 different Universities and nearly 250 colleges across the length and breadth of India participated. Students from undergraduate, postgraduate, M.Phil., and Ph.D streams also participated (Table 2). There were good representations from Constituent colleges of the universities, Government Colleges, Grant-in-aid Colleges as well as unaided affiliated colleges. Students from diverse backgrounds like urban, semi-urban, rural and tribal areas participated. Colleges from Linguistic Minority and Religious Minority were also represented. Participants also included toppers, students from Honours courses, outstanding sportsmen, NCC cadets, Best NSS volunteers, students who have earned distinctions, members of Student Associations and office bearers of various student associations. It was heartening that even physically- challenged students participated with great enthusiasm. Participation was there from both hostelites as well as day scholars.

**Table 2: University-wise distribution of participants** 

University		n		Me	en	Total	
	UG	PG	Research	UG	PG	Research	
Rajasthan	13	03	-	20	08	-	44
Himachal	23	10	-	12	14	-	59
Gauhati	37	01	02	39	01	01	81
Calcutta	12	10	-	07	16	-	45
Kerala	18	07	01	07	11	01	45
Pune	10	07	-	18	05	01	41
Osmania	08	09	-	14	11	-	42
Dr.B. Ambedkar Marathwada	15	-	-	09	-	-	24
Jamia Millia Islamia	l l		-	04	10	-	35
Bangalore	17	10	-	21	12	-	60

The more or less equal participation of Women and Men, in the seminars is illustrated in the following figure :

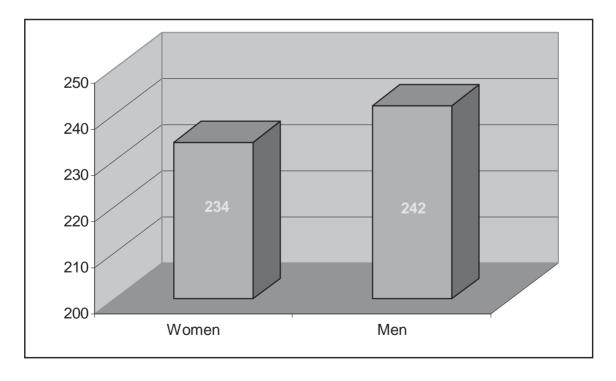


Figure: 3

There were more number of undergraduate students than postgraduate or research students (See figures 4 and 5 below).

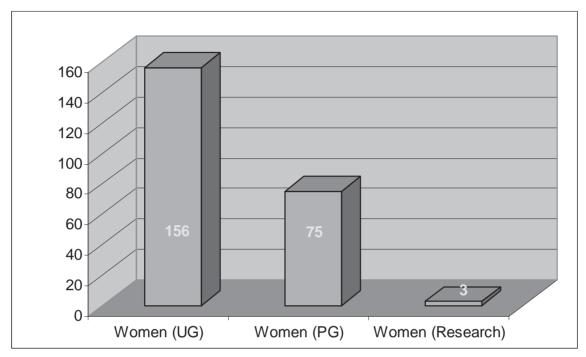


Figure: 4

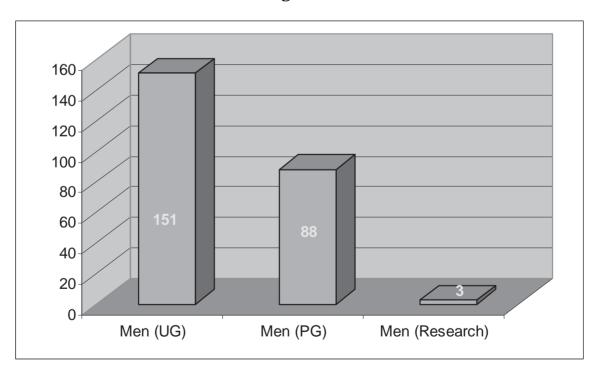


Figure: 5

The seminars also drew student representatives from nearly all faculties, there by ensuring a wide spread of participant-diversity.

From the available data, the percentage representation from the various faculties is illustrated in the following figure 6.

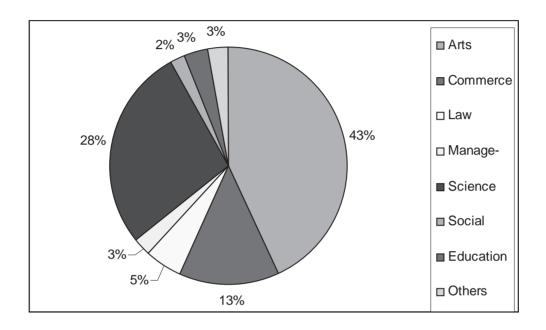


Figure: 6

Students from different socio-economic backgrounds, namely SC/ST,OBC, General and others, were also represented at the seminars (Table 3).

Table 3: University-wise distribution of the category of participants

University	SC/ST/NT	OBC	General	Others(Minority/ physically challenged etc)
Rajasthan	03	09	32	-
Himachal	O9	01	31	18
Guwahati	17	22	42	-
Calcutta	09	04	32	-
Kerala				-
Pune	10	-	26	01
Osmania	05	13	24	-
Dr.B. Ambedkar Marathwada	08	02	14	-
Bangalore	07		53	-

The percentage representation of different categories of participants as indicated in the above table, is presented in the figure below:

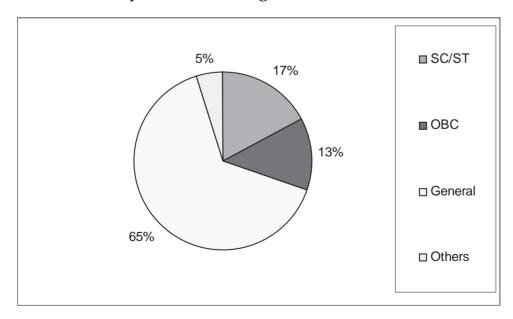


Figure: 7

From the above tables and figures, it is apparent that the four hundred and seventy six students who participated in the ten seminars provided a very good random sample spread for analyzing the student responses to the themes suggested by NAAC.

#### 2. Analyses of the Student Responses:

Without considering repetitive responses, as many as 315 responses were culled out from the reports received from the conveners. Theme-wise analyses indicated that 53% of the responses pertained to the theme II, while that for theme I was 32%. The least number of responses were for the theme III (15%; Figure 8).

Figure 8: Theme-wise variations in the responses from student participants

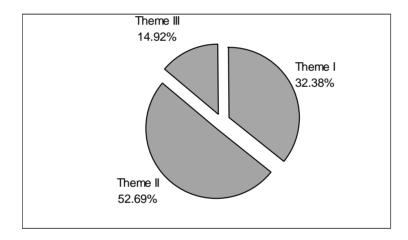


Figure: 8

For purposes of further analyses, these responses recorded in the reports, under each theme were further classified as per Table 4.

Table 4: Student responses classified Theme-wise.

	Theme I		Theme II	Theme III			
	My understanding of 'Quality'	Si	Students' views on Feedback mechanisms for Quality Enhancement		Students' participation in institutional Quality Assessment by NAAC		
a.	Students understanding of the concept of 'Quality'	ı	Students understanding of feedback mechanisms	a.	Students awareness of the NAAC's assessment and accreditation processes		
b.	Students perception of need for quality in an educational institution		Students' perceptions of their involvement in institutional feedback systems	b.	Students views about their involvement in the A/A of their institution		
c.	Students responses regarding their con- cerns for augmenting quality in education- al institutions		Students' concerns about institutional feedback systems.	c.	Students concerns regarding the NAAC process		

#### 2.1 Student responses to Theme I: My understanding of "Quality"

Student responses to theme I, for the respective a, b, and c, as in Table 4 are represented in Figure 9:

From the figure it is to be noted that students responded better to the concept of quality (a:39%) than for quality related to their institution (b:28%) or to the concerns of 'Quality' augmentation in thier institution (c:32%). The overall responses of the students for Theme I are analyzed hereunder:

#### 2.1.1 Students understanding of the concept of 'Quality':

Annexure 10 presents the various views expressed by students regarding their understanding of the concept of 'Quality'. From the responses denoted, it is to be noted that the students who participated in the seminars had strong and varied personal views regarding their understanding of the term 'Quality'. Nevertheless, students' responses ranged from understanding quality as an abstract concept which is 'not seen but felt' to constructing an acronym for 'Quality'. From the various responses gathered, it is apparent that the students are quite capable of analyzing situations and understand quality as a defining concept, related to the continuous improvement of any given situation.

#### 2.1.2 Students perception of the need for quality in an educational institution

Annexure 11 presents the different views expressed by students in regard to their perception of quality in an educational institution. From the various views recorded, it is again to be noted that varied but focused views were expressed. It is surprising to note that while one student clearly stated that quality of education depended on the overall academic environment of the institution, a well-stocked library, adequate computer facilities, and well-equipped labs are the infrastructural priorities mentioned and was clear about the need for education to be related to the real world, another opined that 'shortcomings of infrastructure could be ignored if there was a genuine desire to improve the quality of education'. A student also expressed that 'quality education could come only if there were quality teachers who were good communicators, who could win students away from private tuitions and who were approachable and available for students', denoting their sensitivity to the problem and suggesting a pointer to the teaching community at large.

### 2.1.3. Students responses regarding their concerns for augmenting quality in educational institutions

Annexure 12 is a compilation of the responses of students' concern for augmenting quality in their institutions. From the compilation, it is evident that most of the quality concerns of students regarding their institution revolved around the quality of teachers, and their dedication to their profession and the need for better interactions of the latter with the students.

## 2.2 Student responses to Theme II: Students' views matter – Feedback mechanisms for Quality Enhancement

Student responses to theme II, for the a, b, and c as in Table 4 are represented in Figure 10:

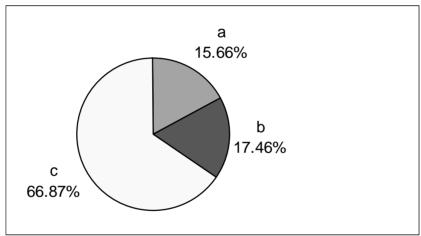


Figure: 10

From the above figure, it is apparent that students responses to their involvement in the feedback system of the institution were overwhelming (b: 67%), while the responses to that of their understanding the feedback mechanisms (a) or concerns regarding the feedback system of the institution (c) were lower (16 and 18% respectively). The overall responses of the students for Theme II are analyzed hereunder:

#### 2.2.1 Students understanding of feedback mechanisms:

Annexure 13 includes the responses of students to the need for feedback mechanisms in institutions. Participants vehemently felt that 'Students' views

matter, or should matter, because they have the highest stakes in the entire process'. They also felt that 'Feedback should be taken from students on their needs, aims and aspirations. Students should also be encouraged to give their feedback on important developments in the society which affect their lives or agitate their minds'. It was quite surprising that students viewed the matter in a holistic manner and even felt that 'integrity on both sides is the pre-requisite of a meaningful feedback. While students should be true to themselves, teachers/administrators should be open-minded and democratic. Both sides should honestly believe in constructive criticism'. From the various responses received it is evident that students would be able to give substantial input to the management of an institution through the feedback system.

#### 2.2.2 Students' perceptions of their involvement in institutional feedback systems

Annexure 14 presents the data on responses received from students regarding the mechanism of feedback to be adopted in an educational institution. From the collection it is again apparent that students made several suggestions for the type of mechanism of feedback such as – structured questionnaires, through student councils, student representation on IQACs, student-teacher committees, alumni association, institution's website and so on. Some of them felt that such feedback systems should be anonymous. They however felt that feedback from students should also be made compulsory. On the whole the responses from the students were very productive and useful.

#### 2.2.3 Students' concerns about institutional feedback systems

Annexure 15 indicates the concerns of students regarding the feedback mechanisms. Students appeared a little confused by what was expected of them. However, some of them expressed their apprehensions due to a lack of mutual trust between the teacher and the taught. Some of them wee also apprehensive that candid opinion expressed in the feedback could invite punitive action from the authorities. Some of them were Skeptical of what happened to the completed questionnaires submitted by the students to the institution? – whether they were analyzed and the information used to take up remedial steps or did these gather dust in some corner? It is to be noted that students were very supportive of the institution in regard to the feedback systems and felt that such systems would be very meaningful and useful only when actions are elicited on the points raised by them in the feedback questionnaires. It was gratifying to note that the student responses to these aspects were very positive.

## 2.3 Student responses to Theme III: Students' participation in institutional Quality Assessment by NAAC

Student responses to theme III, for the a, b, and c as in Table 4 are represented in Figure 11:

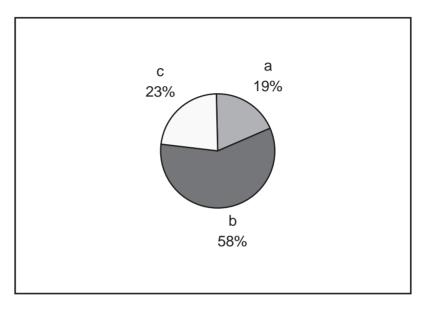


Figure: 11

From the above figure it is apparent that students responses to their involvement in the NAAC process (b:58%), were more than those for their concerns regarding the A/A by NAAC (c: 23%). In fact their responses to the awareness regarding the NAAC process were the least (a:19%). The overall responses of the students for Theme III are analyzed hereunder:

#### 2.3.1: Students awareness of the NAAC's assessment and accreditation processes

Annexure 16 collates the responses received from the student participants regarding the awareness of NAAC processes and procedures. They felt that Students (and also teachers) should be made aware of NAAC quality assessment parameters. There should be open debates about the validity, relevance, and applicability of the parameters in the institution. There was also a suggestion that Assessment by NAAC should not be a one-time affair but a continuous process. Participants also felt that there should be more inter-active sessions between students and the NAAC team during the institutional visit.

#### 2.3.2: Students views about their involvement in the A/A of their institution

Annexure 17 depicts the responses received from students regarding their involvement in the NAAC's assessment of the institution. Some felt that through their active participation in academic, cultural, social and sports activities they can make the campus vibrant and enhance the quality of education. Students desired that they must also fill up a part of the self assessment proforma of the institution of NAAC which should be directly collected by the NAAC team. Students insisted on their participation in curriculum planning and they are of the view that college magazines can play a significant role in spreading awareness about NAAC.

#### 2.3.3: Students concerns about institutional A/A by NAAC

Annexure 18 presents the responses from students regarding the concerns towards NAAC assessment of institutions. While many expressed that they were entirely ignorant of the assessment and accreditation process and this seminar alone had provided him with information on this, others held the view that students were not being provided with the opportunity to participate in the quality assessment process. Some were critical and expressed that many institutions put up a show for the NAAC visit and nothing is sustained once the visit is over. Many felt that just before the NAAC's visit there was a lot of activity with career guidance cells, health care cells etc., being set up but all these initiatives have since petered out. On the whole, from these responses it was very clear that institutions need to regard the students as significant in the process of quality assurance.

#### **Overall analyses:**

- ☐ The data confirmed that students were more comfortable with the I and II themes rather than the III
- The highest areas of expectations were the quality of teaching and teachers, the quality of learning ambience and the quality of curriculum (including inclusion of interdisciplinary areas).
- It was evident that NAAC's role, purpose, and need for A/A of institutions was hardly known to the students indicating that more awareness is needed on these aspects.

#### Student voices are significant inputs:

- ☐ To arrive at a fair judgment of the quality status of the institution
- To augment educational services for students
- To make the institution accept the social responsibility associated with the task of ensuring quick and effective corrective measures as it moves through the twenty-first century challenges of higher education
- ☐ To internalise quality assurance through student involvement in the IQAC.
- Structured feedback questionnaires together with oral responses of students are invaluable inputs in the quality enhancement activities of HEIs.

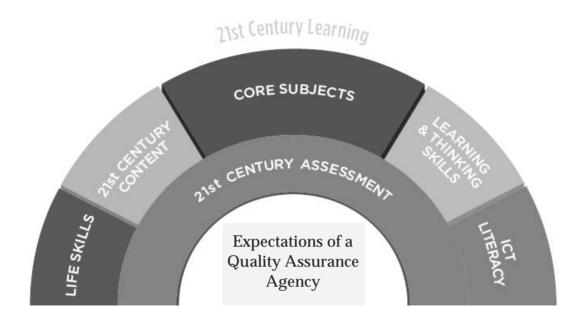
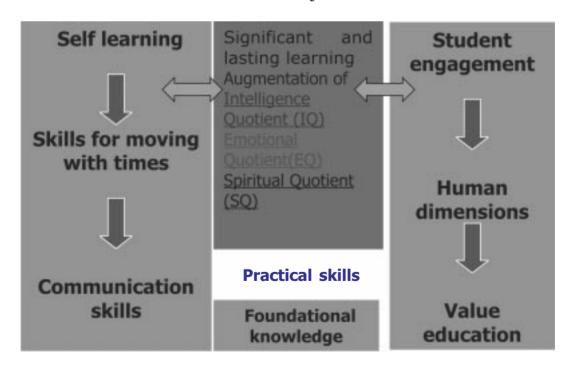


Figure 12: Features of a High Quality Learing Experience (In the 21st century context)



# 3. EXCERPTS FROM THE REPORTS OF THE CONCLUDING SESSIONS/FEEDBACK FROM THE STUDENTS/ADDITIONAL INITIATIVES TAKEN BY SOME OF THE CONVENERS OF THE SEMINARS AS ENCLOSED IN THEIR REPORTS TO NAAC:

#### Rajasthan:

In conclusion, the participating students were assured by the organizers that their voices would be properly and genuinely conveyed to NAAC. The convener assured the students that their UGC-ASC would take the initiative and conduct more such useful programmes. A questionnaire containing 17 questions (in English & Hindi) was circulated to the participants to seek their written responses (Annexure 19)

#### **Himachal Pradesh:**

Feedback on the seminar:

- Students stressed that 'Quality education is better than quantity education'.It is necessary for students of various streams to interact with each other.
- Many of them emphasized on improving the quality of education by participation of students, their parents and managements.
- Using the coming up of the new era, the students felt that there must be focus on new techniques and technology to develop the individual, as well as on better participation.
- To improve the quality in education in various academic disciplines, the changes should be started at both the teaching and student levels from the primary to higher education.
- ☐ The overall message students carried with them was that they would cooperate and work as a unit.
- After attending the seminar nearly every one of them said they were more clear about their vision towards future goals.

- They said that their expectations at the start were not that high but after attending it throughout the day they came with fruitful suggestions and gathered information about certain steps, that should be taken to upgrade education at various levels.
- They added that the seminar was not only good in imparting to them ideas about a knowledge based economy but also helped them in various ways to improve self confidence, and to development personality. They also learnt how to work collectively.
- ☐ Their expectations from the seminar were fully met.
- Things most liked by students during the session were multidimensional like the interaction between students, the egalitarian pattern followed by seminarians, group discussion, brain storming sessions, great team work and mutual relationships.
- ☐ The way seminar was conducted helped the students to air they views freely.
- It was well organized, it provided knowledge to us and it provided scope to do practical work. Brain storming sessions, exposure to new ideas, formulation of ideas through exercises, focused, vision-centric, devotion, coordination, determination and dedication are some of the best features we liked. Most of the students expressed the view that time and again such kinds of seminars should be held often so that more and more students can be made aware of the ways to improve the quality of education.
- We should also involve parents and teachers so that they should know how they can help in increasing the quality of education.

#### **Guwahati:**

The concluding session highlighted the following points:

- ☐ Sincerity of students participation and interaction was laudable.
- A suggestion was made that the composition of IQAC should be amended, to formally include students
- ☐ Students were asked to introspect continuously regarding the quality aspects of their institution and the learners' academic rights.

- ☐ The seminar provided a platform to know the feelings of the students on matters of academic concern
- ☐ The interactions of the participants was hailed as the beginning of the process of awakening in higher education.
- □ Students own thinking and articulation at the interactions were appreciable.
- Students' views regarding the present complacent attitude of the teachers and administrators were considered to be very important for adopting corrective measures.

#### Calcutta:

Overall, the seminar was very successful in terms of student interaction and their understanding of the spirit of the program.

#### **Kerala:** Concluding session:

- The discussions were well-focused, fruitful, innovative and they touched upon all relevant aspects of higher education and they threw light upon many intractable problems of higher education.
- ☐ The suggestion for including students as participants in the IQAC was appreciated.
- ☐ Continuous information transfer to the students, in their partnership in the institutional processes was emphasized.

**Pune:** Students individual written responses were obtained, which yielded useful information for analyses.

#### **Osmania:**

- By and large, the students were clear and forthcoming in their views about the first two themes while they were relatively less confident about the third theme, and sought for clarifications
- Students also voiced many of their academic requisitions in the present seminar, although they were not within the perview of the seminar discussions.
- ☐ The need for such a forum to seek student participation/interaction was stressed by students.

#### Dr. B. Ambedkar Marathwada:

- ☐ The participants felt that they were being exposed to such an academic venture for the first time and hailed the seminar as highly successful.
- ☐ The students felt that they would be able to participate more enthusiastically in such seminars, in future
- The message that students are paramount in the institutional development was driven home pointedly to the participants.
- The focus that students should be considered as partners in the Quality Enhancement and assurance activities of the institutions was appropriately conveyed to the participants, through the seminar.

#### Jamia Millia Islamia:

- ☐ The responses of students varied but the stress was on improvement of performance of teachers for quality education
- ☐ The students felt that they should be allowed more interactive sessions with the NAAC Peer team.
- In order to make education more student-friendly, education policies should be formulated keeping the students' interests in mind because they are the central figures in the entire education system.

#### **Bangalore:**

- ☐ For eliciting the discussions and interactions, the participants were divided into five groups as follows and each participant was given a fixed time for presenting her/his views on all the three themes:
  - 1. Private unaided colleges
  - 2. Private aided colleges
  - 3. Government colleges
  - 4. Rural colleges and
  - 5. PG departments of the University.

The seminar elicited sincere views from the participants in regard to their participation in the quality enhancement of the institutions.

#### 4. OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

The perceivable sincere efforts of the participating students at the ten seminars jointly organized by NAAC and the Academic Staff Colleges have provided ample evidence that:

- Students of Higher Education Institutions of the country like elsewhere are highly motivated and given an opportunity, they would be able to certainly participate in the quality enhancement processes of the institutions in a very productive manner.
- Students are highly communicative, with high expectations from institutions (including all components), are aware of the changing global educational needs and are willing to be a respectable part of the quality process of HEIs.
- Quality assurance framework of an institution needs to be owned by all the components. Therefore, institutions should engage in inclusive, informed, and intentional dialogues about the institutional quality enhancement mechanisms, with all the stakeholders in general and students in particular.
- ☐ Students' views and opinions should form an increasingly important part of quality enhancement of an institution
- The managements should honor the students' legitimate expectations of their educational experience in an institution and the learner community must work in partnership with the institution, in its efforts towards quality enhancement.
- Students are able to give appreciable input on the quality of their institutional performance through participation in the quality assurance activities and reviews
- Educational services of an institution prosper in benevolent environments that provide the learners with appropriate levels of academic challenges and support.
- The most significant thing that a higher educational institution can do is not just to prepare a student for a career, but for life as an honorable citizen.

#### **5. OVERVIEW:**

On the whole, the ten seminars on 'Student participation in quality Enhancement', were very much appreciated by the students. Many of whom felt that such platforms should be encouraged in all institutions so that students are able to actively participate in the quality processes of the institution. Although all the participants were representatives drawn from hitherto accredited institutions, their awareness and exposure to the NAAC A/A process and procedures were hardly evident. This certainly suggests that there is an imminent need for the accredited institutions to disseminate relevant information to the learner community through their respective IQACs and involve the students in their ongoing quality enhancement activities. Echoing the voice of a student participant - "Students are the most vital component of the educational spectrum" and therefore their views must also be regarded as vital to the quality assurance, sustenance and enhancement of an institution.

Subsequent to these ten seminars, NAAC also organized an International conference on Student Participation in Quality Enhancement, in December 2006. The proceedings of this Conference, along with this document and select case presentations under the best practices series (Patil, 2007; NAAC publication), would be valuable resources for readers.

"Success is not final, Failure is not fatal, it is the courage to try and find a successful outcome acceptable to all that counts"

(Winston Churchill)

#### Annexure 1

#### STUDENT CHARTER

Every stakeholder of higher education has a role to play in quality enhancement and sustenance. The stakeholders such as the Government, management, teachers, students and the external quality assurance agencies—have an important role in ensuring the quality of higher education. The National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) strives to play a catalytic role in synergising the stakeholders efforts.

Of all the stakeholders mentioned above, the students have a unique role to play in ensuring quality of higher education institutions (HEIs). Firstly, the students should realize that they have the right for quality education and it is the responsibility of the HEIs to provide quality educational experience to learners. Secondly, the students should equally be aware of their responsibilities which in turn will help the institutions to provide quality education. This means that the students should demand quality education and demonstrate their commitment to quality education by accepting their responsibilities. Otherwise the HEIs will have very little motivation for quality enhancement.

An initiation has been made by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) in this direction by developing a sample student charter for all higher education institutions. It is hoped that the charter will help educational institutions to articulate their obligations to learners in clear terms and can be used as a benchmark for the institution's accountability to learners. The NAAC advocates the public display of student charter in every institution as an act of promotion of student participation in Quality Assurance.

#### A) Institution's responsibilities towards students

The institution shall

 communicate its goals and objectives systematically and clearly to all students

	offer programmes that are consistent with its goals and objectives
	offer a wide range of programmes with adequate academic flexibility
	obtain feedback from students on the initiation, review and redesign of programmes if and when necessary
	facilitate effective running of the teaching-learning programmes
	implement a well-conceived plan for monitoring student progress continuously
	ensure that the student assessment mechanism is reliable and valid
	provide clear information to students about admission and completion requirements for all programmes, the fee structure and refund policies, financial aid and student support services
	ensure sufficient and well-run support services to all students
	promote healthy practices
S	tudent's responsibilities of learning
	tudent's responsibilities of learning e student shall
	•
The	e student shall appreciate the institutional goals and objectives and contribute to the
The	appreciate the institutional goals and objectives and contribute to the realisation of the same by participating in relevant institutional activities have a clear knowledge of the programmes, admission policies, rules
	appreciate the institutional goals and objectives and contribute to the realisation of the same by participating in relevant institutional activities have a clear knowledge of the programmes, admission policies, rules and regulations of the institution
	appreciate the institutional goals and objectives and contribute to the realisation of the same by participating in relevant institutional activities have a clear knowledge of the programmes, admission policies, rules and regulations of the institution follow the time schedules, rules and regulations of the institution
The	appreciate the institutional goals and objectives and contribute to the realisation of the same by participating in relevant institutional activities have a clear knowledge of the programmes, admission policies, rules and regulations of the institution follow the time schedules, rules and regulations of the institution undertake regular and intense study of learning materials make optimum use of the learning resources and other support services
The	appreciate the institutional goals and objectives and contribute to the realisation of the same by participating in relevant institutional activities have a clear knowledge of the programmes, admission policies, rules and regulations of the institution follow the time schedules, rules and regulations of the institution undertake regular and intense study of learning materials make optimum use of the learning resources and other support services available in the institution

live as worthy alumni of the institution

B)

#### Annexure 2

## SUGGESTED AREAS FOR INTERACTION WITH THE STUDENTS DURING THE PEER TEAM VISIT TO THE INSTITUTION: AS ENCLOSED IN THE PEER TEAM DOCUMENT

Reason for choosing the course/institution
Match between curriculum and expectations (flexibility, choice, content)
Appropriateness of the curricular content to the development of knowledge and skills
Relevance to prospective career/further study
Student timetable and workload
Opportunities for practical and vocational experience, where appropriate.
Range of teaching and learning methods experienced
Students' views on quality of teaching
Guidance and support for independent study
Students' understanding of assessment methods and criteria
Feedback on assessed work
Access to computer centre
Health services and Sports & Physical Education
Hostels & Canteen facilities
Grievance redressal mechanism
Financial aid, Academic and Personal Counseling

#### Annexure 3

#### SAMPLE STUDENT FEEDBACK QUESTIONNAIRES

The sample questionnaires in the following pages may be used as models to obtain feedback from students. These formats are only suggestive and may be adapted to the institution's needs. The data collected will form an important feedback for internal quality enhancement of the institution.

#### A: Affiliated / Constituent Colleges

#### Questionnaire No. 1

#### College XYZ

Programme:
Department

Semester/Term/Year:

Please rate the courses on the following attributes using the 10 -point scale shown

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

Very Good Good Satisfactory

Below threshold

	Parameters	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course
		01	02	03	04	05
1.	Depth of the course content including project work if any					
2.	Extent of coverage of course					
3.	Applicability/relevance to real life situations					
4.	Learning value (in terms of knowledge, concepts, manual skills, analytical abilities and broadening perspectives)					
5.	Clarity and relevance of textual reading material					
6.	Relevance of additional source material (Library)					
7.	Extent of effort required by students					
8.	Overall rating					

Course 01 - (Title of the Course)

Course 03 - (Title of the Course)

Course 05 - (Title of the Course)

Course 04 - (Title of the Course)

<sup>\*</sup> Add more columns if there are more courses

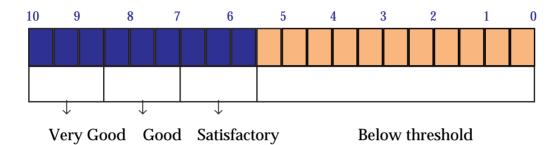
#### Questionnaire No. 2

#### **College XYZ**

#### **Student Feedback on Teachers**

Department :: Semester/Term/Year ::

Please rate the courses on the following attributes using the 10 -point scale shown



Name of the Teacher:

	Attributes	0-5.5	5.5 -7.0	7.0-8.5	8.5-10.00
1.	Knowledge base of the teacher (as perceived by you)				
2.	Communication Skills (in terms of articulation and comprehensibility) 3.Sincerity / Commitment of the teacher				
4.	Interest generated by the teacher				
5.	Ability to integrate course material with environment/other issues, to provide a broader perspective				
6.	Ability to integrate content with other courses				
7.	Accessibility of the teacher in and out of the class (includes availability of the teacher to motivate further study and discussion outside class)				
8.	Ability to design quizzes /Tests / assignments / examinations and projects to evaluate students understanding of the course				
9.	Provision of sufficient time for feedback				
10	. Overall rating				

#### Questionnaire No. 3

#### **College XYZ**

#### Students' overall Evaluation of the programme and Teaching

(To be filled only after the course results are declared)

De	part	tment :		Course :
Tea	ache	er :		Year :
		responses will be seen only corded.	after :	your course results have been finalised
	e inf futt	· ·	for the	improvement of the course and teaching
Yo	u no	eed not disclose your name	e if you	ı do not wish to.
		ay tick more than one ansv dict each other.	wer to a	question to the extent that they do not
1.	The	e syllabus of each course w	as	
	a) c)	adequate challenging		inadequate dull
2.	Bac	ckground for benefiting fro	m the o	course was
	a)	more than adequate		adequate
	c)	inadequate	d) (	cannot say
3.	Wa	s the course easy or difficu	ılt to uı	nderstand?
	a)	easy	b)	manageable
	c)	difficult	d)	very difficult
4.	Но	w much of the syllabus wa	s cover	red in the class?
	a)	85 to 100%	b)	70 to 85%
	c)	55 to 70%	d)	less than 55%

5.				ry material and facilities for the course?
	a)	•		adequate
	c)	inadequate	d)	very poor
6.	То	what extent were you able to	get	material for the prescribed readings?
	a)	Easily	b)	with some difficulty
	c)	not available at all	d)	with great difficulty
7.	Но	w well did the teacher prepare	e fo	r the classes?
	a)	thoroughly	b)	satisfactorily
	c)	poorly	d)	indifferently
8.	Но	w well was the teacher able to	cor	nmunicate?
	a)	Always effective	b)	sometimes effective
		Just satisfactorily	•	generally ineffective
0	Ha	yy fan tha taashan anaaynagag	d	ant nauticipation in along?
9.		w far the teacher encourages s		
		mostly yes	,	sometimes
	c)	not at all	d)	always
10.	If y	ves, which of the following me	thoo	ds were used?
	a)	Encouraged to raise questions	b) g	et involved in discussion in class
	c)	encourage discussion outside class	<b>d</b> ) d	lid not encourage
11.	Но	w helpful was the teacher in a	dvi	sing?
		Very helpful		sometimes helpful
	c)	not at all helpful		did not advise
12.	The	e teacher's approach can best l	oe d	escribed as
		Always courteous		sometimes rude
	c)	always indifferent	,	cannot say
19	Int	ernal assessment was		
13.			۲)	a matima a unfain
		Always fair	b)	sometimes unfair
	C)	Usually unfair	d)	sometimes fair

	hat effect do you think the into ade?	erna	l assessment will have on your course
a)	Helps to improve	b)	discouraging
c)	no special effect	d)	sometimes effective
15. Ho	ow often did the teacher provi	de f	eedback on your performance?
a)	Regularly/in time	b) ·	with helpful comment
c) c	often/ late	d)	without any comments
a)	ere your assignments discusse Yes, fully not discussed at all	b)	ith you? yes, partly sometimes discussed
	ere you provided with a cours Yes		ontributory lecture too at the beginning? no
·	yes, was it helpful? Yes	b)	no

18. If you have other comments to offer on the course and suggestions for the teacher you may do so in the space given below or on a separate sheet.

#### Questionnaire No. 4

#### **College XYZ**

#### Students' Evaluation of the Programme of Study

Year

Department

::

(To be filled in only after the final results are declared)

Pro	ogramme :
	ur responses will be seen only after your final results have been finalised and corded. The information will be used only to improve the programme.
Yo	u may or may not reveal your identity.
Tic	ck Yes or No:
1.	Before undertaking the programme did you get a prospectus? Yes or No Did it contain the following details?  a) Courses available: Yes/No and admission rules b) completion requirements: Yes/No and fee and refund structure c) support services and training available: Yes/No and financial aid available d) counseling and health services Yes/No
2.	<ul> <li>What determined your choice of the subject? (Tick the relevant ones) behind a, b, c, etc.</li> <li>a) Interest in the subject and past scores in the subject</li> <li>b) influence of parents/friends/teachers and reputation of the department/teachers</li> <li>c) ease of getting admission and easy to pass</li> <li>d) suitable for getting a job after completion of higher education</li> </ul>
3.	How far was your background suited to select the course?  a) more than adequate b) fully adequate

d)

b)

cannot say

d) not satisfactory

just satisfactory

c) not fully adequate

a) very good

c) inevitable

4. The choice of courses offered was

5. In case no optional courses were available, would y				would you have liked to	
	suggest some? a) yes	b)	no		
	c) I don't know	•	needs chang	ge	
	,	- /		o.	
6.	What do you think should be the ratio of optional courses to the total number				
	of general courses?				
	a) 100%	b)	<b>75</b> %		
	c) 50%	d)	25%		
7.	Was there provision to	o take	an interd	isciplinary course from other	
	departments?				
	a) Yes	b)	no		
	If yes, did you avail of the interdisciplinary study?				
	a) Yes	b)	no		
	If no, would you have lik	no, would you have liked to do some interdisciplinary work?			
	a) Yes	b)	no	1 0	
8.	For how many courses (give numbers) did you have :  a) individual project work b) practical work  c) team project work d) field/extension work				
9.	In what way did it help?				
a) to generate additional interest and				to make class work more	
	understanding			relevant	
	c) to inculcate team spir	it	d)	to promote independent study skills	
10	. Was the practical/studio	/work	kshop comp	onent of your course sequenced	
	integrally with theory cla	sses?			
	a) yes	b)	no		
11	. Were the laboratories properly maintained?	⁄studi	os/worksh	ops adequately equipped and	
	a) Yes, fully	b)	yes, par	tially	
	c) not well equipped	d)	not well i	naintained	

12.	2. Were you provided guidance in library use?				
	a)	Yes	b)	no	
13.	Wł	nat is your opinion of the	libra	ry mater	rials for your subject?
	a)	Excellent	b)	adequa	te
	c)	inadequate	d)	very po	or
14.	We	ere you able to get the pr	escril	oed mate	erials?
		yes, easily		ith diffic	
	c)	not at all			difficulty
15	<b>V</b>	are you provided with tr	ninina	s in uso d	of computer?
13.		ere you provided with tra yes, fully	_		<u>-</u>
		not at all	<ul><li>b) yes to some extent</li><li>d) sometimes</li></ul>		
	C)	not at an	u) 30	Jilie tillies	•
16.	Th	e internal evaluation syst	em a	s it exist:	s is
	a)	good	b)	needs r	adical change
	c)	needs some change	d)	should	not be there
17.	In	your opinion, how muc	h of	the total	weightage of a course should the
		ernal assessment account			
	a)	75%	b)	<b>50</b> %	
	c)	25%	d)	less tha	n 25%
10	ıc.	aa yyaidhtada yyaa diyyan	to in	townol on	accoment wealt do you think wow
10.			to III	ternar as	sessment work, do you think your
	a)	ndes would have been better	b)	lower	
	a)	about the same	,	annot say	V.
	C)	about the same	u) c	amiot sa	y
19.	Is t	the internal assessment sy	ystem	conduc	ive to
	a)	regular work		b) un	derstanding the course
	c)	early discovery of diffic	ulties	d) int	teraction with the teacher
20	Th	e internal assessment sys	stem :	nnerated	
~∪.		is fair		=	biased
,				eds radical improvement	

21. The i	nternal assessment was dor	ıe	
a) re	gularly	b)	irregularly
c) oi	nly at term end	d)	not done at all
22. Were	your corrected / evaluated	l writ	tten assignments returned on time?
a) y	yes, always	b)	yes, sometimes
c) r	never on time	d)	never returned
23 Were	they returned with helpful	com	iments?
a) ye		b)	no
, J		/	
24. Did t	he department have provisi	on to	o take care of student grievances?
a) ye	es, fully b) yes, partiall	y	c) not existing d) sometimes
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	durin	ng the full duration of the programme?
(Give	total number)		
26 If voi	ı had to grado your toachor	c on	a ten point scale in decending order 10
-			would you assign the following grades?
	ber of teachers against each		
	ss than 5.5	b)	between 5.5 – 7.0
•	tween 7.0 - 8.5	,	between 8.5 – 10.00
,		,	
27. How	many teachers prepared th	eir le	ectures (give numbers)
a) th	oroughly	b)	satisfactorily
c) in	differently	<b>d</b> ) j	poorly
	many teachers were able to	_	_
	ery effectively		b) just satisfactorily
c) in	neffectively	(	d) sometimes effectively
29 How	many teachers encouraged	stud	ents to participate in the class? (give
numl	·	Stud	ients to participate in the class. (give
	rough questions and answe	ers	b) through discussions
	rough course-related game		d) through inviting suggestions
,	5		, 0 00

30.		You would rate your teachers to be (rank the qualities according to your preference, omitting the ones that do not apply) (give numbers)							
	a)	scholarly and oratorial	b)	casual and aloof					
	c)	open -minded and fair	d)	polite, lenient and friendly					
31.		ou wish you may name the t ked him/her highest in quest		er you liked best for the qualities you  2. Name					
32.	At	the end of the programme of	study	you emerged					
	a)	better informed and skilled	b)	more enthusiastic for further study					
	c)	same as before	d)	less enthusiastic for further study					
33.		nen you meet students who titutions how do you feel? (Ti		taken a similar programme at other ur choice)					
	a)	superior	b)	equal					
	c)	inferior	d) ca	annot say					
34.		How do you rate the student-teacher relationship in your institution as a whole? (Tick)							
	a)	very good	b)	good					
		satisfactory	d)	poor					
35.		w do you rate the student-tea	cher 1	relationship in your specific					
	a)	very good	b)	good					
	c)	satisfactory	d)	poor					
36.	Ho	w do you find the institution'	s adn	ninistration? (Tick)					
	a)	always helpful	b)	generally helpful					
		indifferent	d)	cumbersome					
37.	If y	you were a hostellite, were you	u satis	sfied with the hostel facilities?					
		yes	b)	no					
38.	Ho	w do you find the transport fa	acility	provided by the institution?					
		regular and adequate	b)	regular but inadequate					
		irregular	<b>d</b> )	unreliable					

39.	Ho	ow do you rate the health- care	e fac	ilities provided by the institution?
	a)	very good	b)	just satisfactory
	c)	inadequate	d)	poor
40.		• • •	extra	curricular activities of the department
		stitution?		
	,	often	b)	sometimes
	c)	rarely	d)	never
41.	W	hat was the attitude of teacher	s tov	wards extra-curricular activities?
	a)	encouraging	b)	co-operative
	c)	indifferent	d)	cynical
42.	W]	hat was your relationship with	the	Students' Union?
	a)	elected member	b)	office bearer
	c)	voter only	d)	leader
43.	Wa	as the Students' Union a tree r	epre	esentative of the student community?
	a)	yes	b)	no
	c)	largely	d)	marginally
44.	На	as your time at the institution	beer	n intellectually enriching?
	a)	yes	b)	marginally
	c)	not at all	d)	cannot say
45.	Ha	ave you made friends with any	one	, which you expect will last long?
	a)		b)	with a few
	c)	with none	d)	wih one
46.	Af	ter leaving how will you talk a	abou	it your institution ?
		proudly	b)	just satisfactorily
	c)	indifferently	d)	hatefully
		<del>-</del>		-

## **College XYZ**

### **Overall Rating of Programme of Study**

(To	be	submitted	after	the	final	examination	results)	(Tick	only	one	of	the	four
alte	erna	tives)											

Name : Programme : Department: Years : from to

	Item	Very	Good	Satisfa-	Below
		good		ctory	Thres hold
1	Academic content				
2	Usefulness of teaching materials				
3	Usefulness of study-groups in furthering learning				
4	Timeliness of practical work				
5	Educative value of mid-				
	programme placement				
6	Offering and seeking helpful				
	feedback				
7	Fairness of evaluation				
8	Interaction with faculty				
9	Interaction with administration				
10	Library facilities				
11	Computer facilities				
12	Hostel facilities				
13	Recreational facilities				
14	Extra-curricular activities				
15	Sports facilities				

Signature	:	
Date	:	

#### **College XYZ**

#### **Exit Questionnaire for Graduating Students**

(To be submitted in the last week of classes, before the examinations)

Name	:	
Department	:	Year of joining:

Your response to the questionnaire will not be opened until your grades have been finalized and handed over to the examination office.

- 1. What do you plan to do after completion of the programme?
- 2. Which courses were most valuable? Why?
- 3. Which courses were least useful? Why?
- 4. Whom do you consider to be the best teacher?
- 5. What important topics were not covered by the courses?
- 6. Was the advice received from your adviser helpful? Was it timely?
- 7. What other comments do you have about your experiences in the department?
- 8. In what ways has your personality changed as a result of enrollment in the department?
- 9. Were your expectations from the department adequately satisfied?
- 10. Have you made lasting friendship with anyone in the department?
- 11. Would you like to keep in touch with the department after you leave it?
- 12. In what matters did you interact with the administration of the institution? What was your experience during those interactions?
- 13. Were you provided help and training in the use of library and computer services? Was the training useful?
- 14. What are your comments on the social atmosphere (a) at the institution? (b) at your department?
- 15. What sports and extra curricular activities did you participate in? With what level of satisfaction?
- 16. Will you join the Alumni Association of the department / institution?
- 17. How do you think you can help XYZ to improve?

Date	:	Signature	:

# **B:** Autonomous Colleges

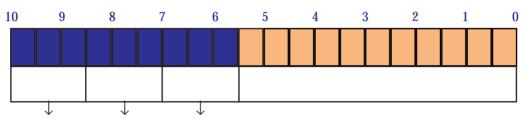
### Questionnaire No. 1

### **College XYZ**

Programme:

Department: Semester/Term/Year :

Please rate the courses on the following attributes using the 10 -point scale shown



Very Good Good Satisfactory

Below threshold

	Parameters	Course 01	Course 02	Course 03	Course 04	Course 05
1.	Depth of the course content including project work if any					
2.	Extent of coverage of course					
3.	Applicability/relevance to real life situations					
4.	Learning value (in terms of knowledge, concepts, manual skills, analytical abilities and broadening perspectives)					
5.	Clarity and relevance of textual reading material					
6.	Relevance of additional source material (Library)					
7.	Extent of effort required by students					
8.	Overall rating					

Course 01 – (Title of the Course) Course 03 – (Title of the Course) Course 02 – (Title of the Course)

Course 04 – (7

(Title of the Course)

Course 05 – (Title of the Course)

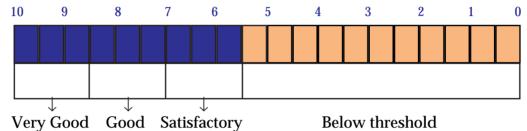
\* Add more columns if there are more courses

### **College XYZ**

#### **Student Feedback on Teachers**

Department: Semester/Term/Year:

Please rate the courses on the following attributes using the 10 -point scale shown



#### Name of the Teacher:

	Attributes	0-5.5	5.5 -7.0	7.0-8.5	8.5-10.00
1.	Knowledge base of the teacher (as perceived by you)				
2.	Communication Skills (in terms of articulation and comprehensibility) 3.Sincerity / Commitment of the teacher				
4.	Interest generated by the teacher				
5.	Ability to integrate course material with environment/other issues, to provide a broader perspective				
6.	Ability to integrated content with other courses				
7.	Accessibility of the teacher in and out of the class (includes availability of the teacher to motivate further study and discussion outside class)				
8.	Ability to design quizzes /Tests / assignments / examinations and projects to evaluate students understanding of the course				
9.	Provision of sufficient time for feedback				
10	. Overall rating				

Course:

Year :

## Questionnaire No. 3

### **College XYZ**

### Students' overall Evaluation of programme and Teaching

(To be filled only after the course results are declared)

Department:

Teacher

		responses will be seen on ecorded.	ly after	your course results have been finalised
		formation will be used onl ure.	y for the	improvement of the course and teaching
Yo	u n	eed not disclose your nan	ne if you	ı do not wish to.
		nay tick more than one and dict each other.	swer to a	a question to the extent that they do not
1.	Th	e syllabus of each course	was	
	a)	adequate	b)	inadequate
		challenging		dull
2.	Ba	ckground for benefiting fr	om the o	course was
	a)	more than adequate	b)	adequate
	c)	inadequate	d)	cannot say
3.	Wa	as the course easy or diffic	cult to u	nderstand?
	a)	easy	b)	manageable
	c)	difficult	d)	very difficult
4.	Ho	ow much of the syllabus w	as covei	red in the class?
	a)	85 to 100%	<b>b</b> )	70 to 85%
	c)	55 to 70%	d)	less than 55%

<b>5</b> .	W	hat is your opinion about the	libra	ary material and facilities for the course?
	a)	more than adequate	b)	adequate
	c)	inadequate	d)	very poor
6.	То	what extent were you able to	get	material for the prescribed readings?
	a)	Easily	b)	with some difficulty
	c)	not available at all	d)	with great difficulty
7.	Но	w well did the teacher prepar	e fo	r the classes?
	a)	thoroughly	b)	satisfactorily
	c)	poorly	d)	indifferently
8.	Но	ow well was the teacher able to	o co	mmunicate?
	a)	Always effective	b)	sometimes effective
	c)	Just satisfactorily	d)	generally ineffective
9.	Но	ow far does the teacher encour	age	student participation in the class?
	a)	mostly yes	b)	sometimes
	c)	not at all	d)	always
10.	If y	yes, which of the following me	etho	ds were used?
	a)	Encouraged to raise questions	b) g	get involved in discussion in the class
	c)	encourage discussion outside class	s d) c	did not encourage
11.	Н	ow helpful was the teacher in a	advi	sing?
	a)	Very helpful	b)	sometimes helpful
	c)	not at all helpful	d)	did not advise
12.	Th	e teacher's approach can best	be d	lescribed as
	a)	Always courteous	b)	sometimes rude
	c)	always indifferent	d)	cannot say
13.	Int	ernal assessment was		
	a) .	Always fair	b)	sometimes unfair
	c)	Usually unfair	d)	sometimes fair

14.		nat effect do you think the intende?	erna	l assessment will have on your course
	a)	Helps to improve	b)	discouraging
	c)	no special effect	d)	sometimes effective
15.	Но	w often did the teacher provid	de fe	eedback on your performance?
	a)	Regularly/in time	b) v	with helpful comments
	c) c	often/ late	d)	without any comments
16.	We	ere your assignments discusse	d w	ith you?
	a)	Yes, fully	b)	yes, partly
	c)	not discussed at all	d)	sometimes discussed
17.	We	ere you provided with a cours	e co	ntributory lecture too at the beginning?
	a)	Yes	b)	no
	If y	ves, was it helpful?		
	a)	Yes	b)	no

18. If you have other comments to offer on the course and suggestions for the teacher you may do so in the space given below or on a separate sheet.

#### **College XYZ**

# Students' Evaluation of the Programme of Study

(To be filled in only after the final results are declared)

Department :: Year :
Programme :

Your responses will be seen only after your final results have been finalised and recorded. The information will be used only to improve the programme.

You may or may not reveal your identity.

#### Tick Yes or No:

- 1. Before undertaking the programme did you get a prospectus? Yes or No Did it contain the following details?
  - a) Courses available: Yes/No and admission rules
  - b) completion requirements: Yes/No and fee and refund structure
  - c) support services and training available: Yes/No and financial aid available
  - d) counseling and health services Yes/No
- 2. What determined your choice of the subject? (Tick the relevant ones ) behind a, b, c, etc.
  - a) Interest in the subject and past scores in the subject
  - b) influence of parents/friends/teachers and reputation of the department/teachers
  - c) ease of getting admission and easy to pass
  - d) suitable for getting a job after completion of higher education
- 3. How far was your background suited to select the course?
  - a) more than adequate b) fully adequate
  - c) not fully adequate d) cannot say

4.	Th	e choice of courses offere	ed wa	ıs	
	a)	very good	b)	just satisfa	actory
	c)	inevitable	d)	not satisfa	ctory
5.		case no optional courses me?	were	available,	would you have liked to suggest
	a)	yes	b)	no	
	c)	I don't know	d)	needs cha	nge
6.		hat do you think should b general courses?	e the	ratio of opt	tional courses to the total number
	a)	100%	b)	75%	
	c)	50%	d)	25%	
7.		as there provision to partments?	take	an interdi	sciplinary course from other
	a)	Yes	b)	no	
	If y	yes, did you avail of the	interd	disciplinary	study?
	a)	Yes	b)	no	
	If 1	no, would you have liked	l to d	lo some inte	erdisciplinary work?
	a)	Yes	b)	no	
8.	For	r how many courses (give	e nun	nbers) did y	ou have :
	a)	individual project work	<b>b</b> )	practical v	vork
	c)	team project work	d)	field/exte	nsion work
9.	In v	what way did it help?			
	a)	to generate additional in relevant	nteres	st and b)	to make class work more understanding
	c)	to inculcate team spirit		d)	to promote independent study skills
10.		-		shop comp	onent of your course sequenced
		egrally with theory class			
	a)	yes	b)	no	

	Vere the laboratories /s	tudio	os/workshops adequately equipped and
a)	Yes, fully	b)	yes, partially
c)	not well equipped	d)	not well maintained
12. W	ere you provided guidan	ice in	library use?
a)	Yes	b)	no
13. W	hat is your opinion of the	e libra	ary materials for your subject?
a)	Excellent	b)	adequate
c)	inadequate	d)	very poor
14. W	ere you able to get the p	rescri	bed materials?
a)	yes, easily	b) w	ith difficulty
c)	not at all	d) w	vith great difficulty
15. W	ere you provided with tr	ainin	g in use of computer?
a)	yes, fully	b) y	es to some extent
c)	not at all	d) s	ometimes
16. Tl	ne internal evaluation sys	tem a	as it exists is
a)	good	b)	needs radical change
c)	needs some change	d)	should not be there
17. In	your opinion, how muc	h of	the total weightage of a course should the
in	ternal assessment accoun	t for?	
a)	75%	b)	50%
c)	25%	d)	less than 25%
18. If	no weightage was given	to in	ternal assessment work, do you think your
gr	rades would have been		
a)	better	b)	lower
c)	about the same	d) d	cannot say
19. Is	the internal assessment s	ysten	n conducive to
a)	regular work		b) understanding the course

	c)	early discovery of difficulties		d) interaction with the teacher
20.	The	e internal assessment system o	per	ated
	a)	is fair	b)	is biased
	c)	needs some improvement	d)	needs radical improvement
21.	The	e internal assessment was don	e	
	a)	regularly	b)	irregularly
	c)	only at term end	d)	not done at all
22.	We	ere your corrected / evaluated	wri	tten assignments returned on time?
	a)	yes, always	b)	yes, sometimes
	c)	never on time	d)	never returned
23.	We	ere they returned with helpful	com	ments?
		yes	b)	no
24.	Dio	d the department have provisi	on to	o take care of student grievances?
				c) not existing d) sometimes
25.		w many teachers taught you o	lurir	ng the full duration of the programme?
26.	If y	ou had to grade your teachers	s on	a ten point scale in decending order 10
	lov	vest 0 to how many of the teach	ers	would you assign the following grades?
		imber of teachers against each		
	a)	less than 5.5	b)	between 5.5 – 7.0
	c)	between 7.0 - 8.5	d)	between 8.5 – 10.00
27.	Но	w many teachers prepared the	eir le	ectures (give numbers)
	a)	thoroughly	b)	satisfactorily
	c)	indifferently	d)	poorly
28.	Но	w many teachers were able to	com	nmunicate (give numbers)
	a)	very effectively	b)	just satisfactorily
	c)	ineffectively	d)	sometimes effectively

29.		ow many teachers encouraged mbers)	stude	ents to	participate in the class? (give
		through questions and answe	orc	b)	through discussions
					through inviting suggestions
	C)	through course-related game	25	u)	through inviting suggestions
30.	Yo	u would rate your teachers t	to be	(rank	the qualities according to your
	pre	eference, omitting the ones tha	ıt do ı	not ap	oply) (give numbers)
	a)	scholarly and oratorial	b)	casu	al and aloof
	c)	open -minded and fair	d)	polit	e, lenient and friendly
31.		•		-	u liked best for the qualities you
	rar	nked him/her highest in quest	ion 3	2 . Na	me
32.	At	the end of the programme of	study	you	emerged
	a)	better informed and skilled	b)	more	e enthusiastic for further study
	c)	same as before	d)	less	enthusiastic for further study
33.	W]	hen you meet students who ha	ave ta	ken a	similar programme at other
		stitutions how do you feel? (Ti			
		superior	b)		
		inferior	-	annot	
34	Нс	ow do you rate the student-teach	ner rel	lations	ship in your institution as a whole?
01.		ick)		iations	siip ii your iisutuuonus u wiiote.
	a)	very good	b)	good	d
	c)	satisfactory	d)	poor	•
35.	Но	ow do you rate the student-tea	cher	relatio	onship in your specific
		partment?			1 3 1
		very good	b)	good	d
		satisfactory	d)	poor	
26	Ц	ow do you find the institution	's adn	ninist	ration? (Tick)
50.		v			
	a)	always helpful	p)	•	erally helpful
	C)	indifferent	d)	cum	bersome

37.	If y	you were a hostellite, were you	ı satis	sfied with the hostel facilities?
	a)	yes	b)	no
38.		w do you find the transport fa	•	
		regular and adequate		regular but inadequate
	c)	irregular	d)	unreliable
39.	Но	w do vou rate the health- care	facili	ities provided by the institution?
		very good		just satisfactory
		inadequate	d)	poor
		•		
40.		d you participate in any of the e titution?	xtra c	curricular activities of the department/
	a)	often	b)	sometimes
	c)	rarely	d)	never
41.	Wł	nat was the attitude of teachers	s towa	ards extra-curricular activities?
		encouraging	b)	co-operative
	c)	indifferent	d)	cynical
42.	Wł	nat was your relationship with	the S	tudents' Union?
	a)	elected member	b)	office bearer
	c)	voter only	d) l	eader
19	W	ng the Studente' Union a twee ve	nnocc	entative of the student community?
43.			Ī.	entative of the student community?
	a) c)	yes largely	b) d)	no marginally
	C)	ialgely	u)	marginary
44.	На	s your time at the institution b	oeen i	ntellectually enriching?
	a)	yes	b)	marginally
	c)	not at all	d)	cannot say
<b>45</b> .		3		which you expect will last long?
	a)	with many	b)	with a few
	c)	with none	d)	a few
46.		er leaving how will you talk a		
	a)	proudly	b)	just satisfactorily
	c)	indifferently	d)	hatefully

## **College XYZ**

## **Midcourse Questionnaire**

## Tick (a) or (b)

1. Course	a) b)	Prescribed by University Separately evolved by our college
2. Text books	a) b)	Prescribed by University Chosen by our College
3. Weightage on assignments	a) b)	Common for all colleges Separately decided by our college
4. Nature and coverage of assignments	a) b)	Created to curriculum Beyond curriculum also
5. Reference work	a) b)	Limited to curriculum Wider and more comprehensive
6. Project work	a) b)	As prescribed by universities Varied and suited to individuals and groups
7. Evaluation Weightages	a) b)	As fixed by university As evolved by our college as and when required
8. Evaluation Procedures	a) b)	Prescribed by university Different as evolved by our college
9. Award of Degree	a) b)	Based on common public examination Based on college records
10. Extra curricular activities	a) b)	Routine and fixed Evolved separated every year
11. Visits to renowned academic institutions related to the studies	a) b)	Rare Planned, regular and adequate

12. Institution-industry interface	a) b)	Rare Regular
13. Scholarship	a) b)	Provided Not provided
14. Free ships	a) b)	Provided Not provided
15. Guidance and counseling cell	a) b)	Does not exist Exists & works satisfactorily
16. Placement cell	a) b)	Does not exist Exists and works helpfully

# College XYZ

Exit Questionnaire for Graduating Students  (To be submitted in the last, week of classes, before the examinations)
(To be submitted in the last week of classes, before the examinations)
Name :
Department : Year of joining :
Your response to the questionnaire will not be opened until your grades have
been finalized and handed over to the examination office.
1. What do you plan to do after completion of the programme?
2. Which courses were most valuable? Why?
3. Which courses were least useful? Why?
4. Whom do you consider to be the best teacher?
5. What important topics were not covered by the courses?
6. Was the advice received from your adviser helpful? Was it timely?
7. What other comments do you have about your experiences in the
department?
8. In what ways has your personality changed as a result of enrollment in the
department?
9. Were your expectations from the department adequately satisfied?
10. Have you made lasting friendship with anyone in the department?
11. Would you like to keep in touch with the department after you leave it?
12. In what matters did you interact with the administration of the institution?
What was your experience during those interactions?
13. Were you provided help and training in the use of library and computer
services? Was the training useful?
14. What are your comments on the social atmosphere (a) at the institution? (b)
at your department?
15. What sports and extra curricular activities did you participate in? With what
level of satisfaction?
16. Will you join the Alumni Association of the department / institution?
17. How do you think you can help XYZ to improve?
Date : Signature :

## **College XYZ**

### **Overall Rating of Programme of Study**

(To be	submitted	after	the	final	examination	results)	(Tick	only	one	of	the	four
alterna	tives)											

Name : Programme : Department: Years : from to

	Item	Very good	Good	Satisfa- ctory	Below Thres hold
1	Academic content				
2	Usefulness of teaching materials				
3	Usefulness of study-groups in furthering learning				
4	Timeliness of practical work				
5	Educative value of mid-programme placement				
6	Offering and seeking helpful feedback				
7	Fairness of evaluation				
8	Interaction with faculty				
9	Interaction with administration				
10	Library facilities				
11	Computer facilities				
12	Hostel facilities				
13	Recreational facilities				
14	Extra-curricular activities				
15	Sports facilities				

Signature	:	
Date	:	

### **C: UNIVERSITIES**

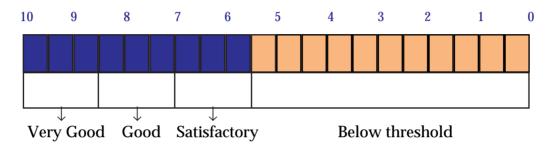
### Questionnaire No. 1

#### **University XYZ**

Programme:

Department: Semester/Term/Year :

Please rate the courses on the following attributes using the 10 -point scale shown



	Parameters	Course 01	Course 02	Course 03	Course 04	Course 05
1.	Depth of the course content including project work if any					
2.	Extent of coverage of course					
3.	Applicability/relevance to real life situations					
4.	Learning value (in terms of knowledge, concepts, manual skills, analytical abilities and broadening perspectives)					
5.	Clarity and relevance of textual reading material					
6.	Relevance of additional source material (Library)					
7.	Extent of effort required by students					
8.	Overall rating					

Course 01 – (Title of the Course) Course 02 – (Title of the Course) Course 03 – (Title of the Course) Course 04 – (Title of the Course)

Course 05 – (Title of the Course)

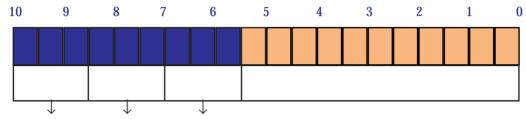
<sup>\*</sup> Add more columns if there are more courses

# Questionnaire No. 2 University XYZ

### **Student Feedback on Teachers (Separate for each Teacher)**

Department: Semester/Term/Year:

Please rate the courses on the following attributes using the 10 -point scale shown



Very Good Good Satisfactory

Below threshold

#### Name of the Teacher:

Attributes	0-5.5	5.5 -7.0	7.0-8.5	8.5-10.00
Knowledge base of the teacher (as perceived by you)				
<ul><li>2. Communication Skills (in terms of articulation and comprehensibility)</li><li>3.Sincerity / Commitment of the teacher</li></ul>				
4. Interest generated by the teacher				
5. Ability to integrate course material with environment/other issues, to provide a broader perspective				
6. Ability to integrate content with other courses				
7. Accessibility of the teacher in and out of the class (includes availability of the teacher to motivate further study and discussion outside class)				
8. Ability to design quizzes /Tests / assignments / examinations and projects to evaluate students understanding of the course				
9. Provision of sufficient time for feedback				
10. Overall rating				

### **University XYZ**

## Students' overall Evaluation of Programme and Teaching

(To be filled only after Results are out)

	part ache	ement :	J	Course : Year :
		esponses will be seen only a corded.	fter	your course results have been finalised
		formation will be used only fo future.	r the	improvement of the course and teaching
Yo	u no	eed not disclose your name i	f you	ı do not wish to.
		ay tick off more than one an validate your response.	swei	r to a question to the extent that it does
1.	The	e syllabus was		
		challenging	b)	dull
		adequate	d)	inadequate
2.	Yo	ur background for benefiting	fron	n the course was
	a)	more than adequate	b)	just adequate
	c)	inadequate	d)	cannot say
3.	Wa	s the course conceptually dif	ficul	t to understand?
	a)	easy	b)	manageable
	c)	difficult	d)	very difficult
4.	Но	w much of the syllabus was o	covei	red in class?
	a)	85 to 100%	b)	70 to 85%
	c)	55 to 70%	d)	less than 55%
5.	Wł	nat is your opinion about the	libra	ry materials for the course?
	a)	excellent	b)	adequate
	c)	inadequate	d)	very poor

6.	. Were you able to get the prescribed readings?				
	a)	easily	b)	with difficulty	
	c)	not at all	d)	with great difficulty	
7.	Ho	w well did the teacher prepare	e fo	r class?	
	a)	thoroughly	b)	satisfactorily	
	c)	poorly	d)	indifferently	
8.	Ho	w well was the teacher able to	cor	nmunicate?	
	a)	effectively	b)	invariably	
	c)	satisfactorily	d)	badly	
9.	Dic	l the teacher encourage studer	nt p	articipation in class?	
	a)	yes	b)	attempted	
	c)	not at all	d)	sometimes	
10.	If y	res, which of the following met	thoo	ds were used?	
	a)	encouraged questions	b)	discussion in class	
	c)	discussion outside class	d)	discussion individually	
11.	Но	w helpful was the teacher in a	dvi	sing?	
	a)	helpful	b)	unhelpful	
	c)	sometimes helpful	d)	sometimes unhelpful	
12.	Wa	s the teacher			
	a)	courteous	b)	rude	
	c)	indifferent	d)	strict	
13.	Dic	l the internal assessment work	?		
	a)	fairly	b)	regularly	
	c)	helpfully	d)	cannot say	
14.		·	rnal	assessment will have on your course	
	gra a)	de? improve it	b)	lower it	
	a) c)	no effect	d)	cannot say	
	C)	no chect	u)	carnot say	

15. Ho	ow did the teacher provide fee	edba	ck on your performance?
a)	regularly/irregularly	b)	in time/late
c)	with helpful comments	d)	without comments
16. W	ere your assignments discusse	ed w	rith you?
a)	yes, fully	b)	yes, partly
c)	no	d)	sometimes
17. W	ere you provided with a cour	se ar	nd lecture outline at the beginning?
a)	yes	b)	no
18. Wa	as it helpful?		
a)	yes	b)	no
19. Wa	as it followed?		
a)	yes	b)	no
20. Wa	as there any opportunity for p	erso	onal interaction with teachers?
a) Y	es	b)	to some extent
c) ni	il	d)	cannot say
21. Wa	as there any opportunity for s	mall	group work?
a) <sup>*</sup>	Yes	b)	to some external
c) 1	nil	d)	cannot say
22. We	ere outsider experts invited to	ado	dress you?
a) Y	es	b)	rarely
c) no	one	d)	frequently
23. Di	d you visit industries, laborat	orie	s, banks and outside Universities/
a) Y	e, frequently	b)	some times
c) no	0	d)	yes, rarely
24. If :	you have other comments to o	ffer	on the course and the instructor you may
_	so below or on a separate sh		

#### **University XYZ**

#### **Students' Programme Evaluation**

(To be filled in only after final results are out)

Year :

Programme	:
Your response	es will be seen only after your final results have been finalised and

Your responses will be seen only after your final results have been finalised and recorded. The information will be used only to improve the programme and provisions.

#### You may or may not reveal your identity

Department

- 1. Before undertaking the programme did you get a prospectus? Yes or No Did it contain the following details?
  - a) courses and admission rules available: Yes/No
  - b) completion requirements, fee and refund structure: Yes/No
  - c) support services, training and financial aid available: Yes/No
  - d) counseling and health services: Yes/No
- 2. What determined your choice of the subject? (Tick the relevant ones ) behind a, b, c, etc.
  - a) interest and past scores in the subject
  - b) influence of parents/friends/teachers and reputation of the department/teachers
  - c) ease of getting admission and easy to pass
  - d) suitable for getting a job after completion of higher education
- 3. How far was your background suited to select the course?
  - a) more than adequate
- b) fully adequate
- c) not fully adequate
- d) cannot say

4.	The choice of courses offered was		
	a) very good	b)	just satisfactory
	c) inevitable	d)	not satisfactory
5.	In case no optional courses were av	vailal	ble, would you have liked to
	suggest some?		
	a) yes	b)	no
	c) I don't know	d)	needs change
6.	-	io of	optional courses to the total number
	of general courses?	L١	750/
	a) 100%	b)	75%
	c) 50%	d)	25%
7.	Was it possible to take a course fro	m ot	her departments?
	a) yes	b)	no
8.	If, yes did you benefit from the into	erdis	ciplinary study?
	a) yes	b)	no
9.	If not, would you have liked to do	inter	disciplinary work?
	a) yes	b)	no
10	For how many courses did you have	ze (di	ive numbers)
10.	a) project work	b)	
	. 1 0	d)	field work
	c) team projects	u)	neid work
11.	Did any of this help		
	a) to make classwork more	b)	to make class work more
	relevant		and understandable
	c) to build team spirit	d)	to promote independent
	r	-,	study skills
12.	Was the practical/studio/worksho	p coi	mponent of your courses sequenced
	integrally with theory classes?		- -
	a) yes	b)	no

13.		ere the laboratories/studios/operly maintained?	/work	shops adequately equipped and
	•	yes, fully	b)	yes, partly
		not adequate acquired		not adequate maintained
14.	W	ere you provided training in lik	orary ι	ise?
	a)	yes	b)	no
15.	W	hat is your opinion of the librar	y holo	lings for your subject?
	a)	excellent	b)	adequate
(	c)	inadequate	d)	very poor
16.	W	ere you able to get the prescrib	ed rea	dings?
		easily	b)	with difficulty
	c)	not at all	d)	with great difficulty
17.	W	ere you provided with training	in cor	nputer use?
	a)	yes	b)	no
18.	Но	ow educative was your mid cou	ırse pl	acement?
	a)	very relevant	b)	moderately relevant
	c)	irrelevant	d)	irrelevant but interesting
19.	Di	d the departmental faculty visi	t you a	and was feedback provided?
	a)	yes, feedback given	b)	<del>-</del>
(	c)	no, feedback was sent	d)	
20.	Th	e internal evaluation system as	it exis	sts is
	a)	desirable	b)	not desirable
(	c)	Needs some changes	d)	needs some radical changes
21.	In	your opinion, how much of the	ne tota	l weightage of a course should the
		ernal assessment account for?		
	a)	100%	b)	75%
	c)	50%	d)	less than 25%

22.		o weightage was given to session uld have been	nal w	ork, do you think your grades
		better	b)	poorer
	•	about the same	d)	cannot say
23	Is t	he internal assessment system co	ndu	cive to
۵0.		regular work	b)	understanding the course
	c)	· ·	-	interaction with the teacher
24.	The	e internal assessment system ope	erateo	1
~		fairly in how many courses	b)	unfairly in how many courses
	c)	not done at all	d)	done at the end of the term
25.	The	e internal assessment was done		
	a)	regularly in how many courses?	b)	Haphazardly in how many courses?
	c)	Only at term end in how many courses?	d)	Not done at all
26.	We	re your written assignments retu	rned	on time?
	a)	Yes	b)	no
27.	We	re they returned with helpful co	mme	nts?
	a)	Yes	b)	no
28.	Dic	I the department have provision	to ta	ke care of grievances?
	a)	Yes	b)	no
29.		w many teachers taught you dur ve the total number)	ing t	he full duration of the programme?
30.	10	o v	ache	n point scale in the decending order rs would you assign the following th grade) out of a total of 10
		Less than 5.5	b)	between 5.5 – 7.0
	c)	between 7.0-8.5	d)	between 8.5 – 10.00

31.		ow many teachers prepared their		_
	a)	Thoroughly	b)	satisfactorily
	c)	poorly	d)	indifferently
32.	Ho	ow many teachers were able to co	ommi	unicate (give numbers)
	a)	Effectively	b)	invariably
	c)	satisfactorily	d)	badly
33.		ow can teachers encourage studer mbers)	nts to	participate in the class? (Give
	a)	through question answers	b)	through discussion
	c)	through course related games	d)	through inviting suggestions
34.		u would rate your teachers to be eference, omitting the ones that d		nk the qualities according to your tapply) (give numbers)
	a)	scholarly and oratorical	b)	casual and aloof
	c)	open -minded and fair	d)	polite, lenient and friendly
35.	-	you wish, you may name the teanked the highest in question 34.	cher	you liked best for the qualities you
36.	At	the end of the programme of stu	ıdy y	ou came out
	a)	the same as before	b)	better informed and skilled
	c)	less enthusiastic for further	d)	more enthusiastic for further
		study		study
37.		hen you meet students who have stitutions do you feel?	ve ta	ken a similar programme at other
	a)	Inferior	b)	superior
	c)	equal	d)	cannot say
38.	Ho	ow do you rate the student-teacher	relat	ionship in the institution as a whole?
	a)	very good	b)	good
	c)	satisfactory	d)	not satisfactory
39.	Ho	ow do you rate the student-teach	er rel	ationship in your department?
		very good	b)	good
	c)	satisfactory	d)	not satisfactory

40.	How do you find the institution'	s admi	nistrative offices?
	a) very helpful	b)	cumbersome
	c) indifferent	d)	unhelpful
41.	Are you satisfied with the hostel	faciliti	es?
	a) yes	b)	no
	c) not affected	d)	needs improvement
42.	How do you find the transport fa	acility o	of the institution?
	a) adequate	b)	inadequate
	c) regular	d)	unreliable
43.	How do you rate the health care	facilitie	es?
	a) good	b)	bad
	c) Inadequate	d)	did not use
44.	Did you participate in any of the e institution?	xtra cui	rricular activities of the department/
	a) rarely	b)	often
	c) never	d)	sometimes
<b>45</b> .	What was the attitude of teachers	s to ext	ra curricular activities?
	a) co-operative	b)	encouraging and enthusiastic
	c) indifferent and cynical	d)	hostile
46.	What was your relationship with	the Stu	ıdents' Union?
	a) Member	b)	office bearer
	c) voter	d)	nothing
47.	Was the Students' Union represe	ntative	of the student community?
	a) Yes	b)	no
	c) largely	d)	marginally
48.	Has your time at the institution	been in	tellectually enriching?
	a) Yes	b)	no
	c) marginally	d)	cannot say

49. Have you made friends with anyone, which you expect v			g?
	a) Some	b) none	
	c) many	d) a few	
50. After leaving the institution how will you talk about it?			
	a) Proudly	b) disparagingly	
	c) indifferently	d) try to forget it	

## **University XYZ**

### **Overall Rating of Programme**

(To be returned by them after the final examination results)

Name	:	Programme :	
Departmen	t:	Years : from	to

	Item	Very good	Good	Satisfa- ctory	Below Thres hold
1	Academic content				
2	Usefulness of teaching materials				
3	Usefulness of study-groups in furthering learning				
4	Timeliness of practical work				
5	Educative value of mid-programme placement				
6	Offering and seeking helpful feedback				
7	Fairness of evaluation				
8	Interaction with faculty				
9	Interaction with administration				
10	Library facilities				
11	Computer facilities				
12	Hostel facilities				
13	Recreational facilities				
14	Extra-curricular activities				
15	Sports facilities				

Signature	:
Date	:

## **University XYZ**

## Initial questionnaire on admission

1.	From what background have you come to join the university? (Tick)					
	a)	from an affiliated college? Yes/No				
	<b>b</b> )	from an autonomous college? Yes/ No				
	c)	from another university?	? Yes/N	lo		
2.	Was admission procedure in the constituent college the same or different					
	from the admission procedure in the autonomous college? (Tick)					
	a)	same	<b>b</b> )	different		
	(To be returned by them after the final examination results)					
3.	If differe	nt, how?				
	a)	More easy than in affiliated college				
	b)					
	c)					
	d)					
4.	What method do you propose for admission to university courses?					
	a)	Merit-based only	b)	Reservation quota		
	c)	Any other (Specify)				
5.	What is your experience in respect of university course admission?					
	a)	Just and right	b)	Biased		
	c)	Influence based	d)	Corrupt		
6.	Are you aware of P.G. courses in affiliated colleges?					
	a)	Yes	b)	No		
7.	If a choic	e is given where do you p	ropose	to do the course? (Tick)		
	a)	University	b)	Affiliated college		

#### 8. Why?

- a) Admission to university course is
  - i. Easier than in affiliated colleges
  - ii. More difficult than in affiliated colleges
- b) i. Fees are higher in the university
  - ii. Fees are less in the university
- c) i. Evaluation is better in the university
  - ii. Evaluation is better in affiliated colleges
- d) i. More personal contact between faculty and students in universities
  - Better personal contact between Faculty and students in affiliated colleges

In accordance with the latest trend, is faculty adopted by students in your university?

Yes or No

If not, what aspect of faculty work should be incorporated in student evaluation?

Name any three 1)

2)

3)

#### II Curriculum (Syllabus)

- 1) Who frames the curriculum in the university?
  - a) Concerned Departments
  - b) Special committee constituted by the university
  - c) I don't know
- 2) How do you compare the curriculum of the university and that of the autonomous college?
  - a) More difficult than in autonomous colleges
  - b) Easier than in autonomous colleges

- 3) What about library facilities?
  - a) Same as in Autonomous colleges
  - b) Better than in autonomous colleges
  - c) Not as good as in autonomous colleges
- 4) Reference work
  - a) Same as in autonomous colleges
  - b) Wider than in autonomous colleges
  - c) More restricted than in autonomous colleges
- 5) Reference work
  - a) Same as in PG in affiliated colleges
  - b) Much wider in university PG courses
  - c) Less than in affiliated college PG Departments.

#### **III** Staff (Faculty) Qualifications

- a) Same as in P.G. affiliated colleges
- b) More highly qualified in university PG courses
- c) Less qualified in university

#### IV Faculty experience level

- a) Much higher than in Affiliated PG courses
- b) No difference between the two courses
- c) Less in university staff than in affiliated colleges (PG)

#### V Research Work

- a) Deeper in Universities
- b) Same as in affiliated college PG (as per rules)
- c) Differs in depth from subject to subject in universities

#### VI Project Work

- a) Same in universities as in affiliated PG
- b) Wider in scope and contacts in universities as compared to affiliated PG

#### VII Extra-curricular activities

- Same as in affiliated PG a)
- b) Wider and with more variety in university

#### **VII Evaluation Scheme**

- Feedback and follow up help better in university a)
- Feedback and personal guidance better in affiliated PG b)

#### Specified aspects of university work (Tick) IX

- Power to prescribe rules of universities a)
- Power of giving direction to affiliated colleges b)
- Power of issuing degrees even for autonomous colleges c)
- d) Power of inspecting affiliated colleges if need be
- Conducting all examination e)
- Power to introduce reports in curriculum and evaluation schemes or f) procedures
- Power to establish interface with industries and National laboratories g)

#### **Work in Inter University Board** X

- a) Interaction and exchange of expression
- b) Introducing ideas for quality improvement
- Bring changes in university act if need **c**)

#### XI Are you happy with your life in the

i)	Uni	iversity?			
	a)	Yes	b)	No	
ii)	if n	ot, sugges	st changes that you deser	rve : (Less than fiv	e)
	1		3	5	
	2		4		

### MEETING OF DIRECTORS OF ACADEMIC STAFF COLLEGES HELD ON 24.07.2006 AT BANGALORE

## List of participants

2.	Prof. V S Prasad Director, NAAC  Prof. Mariamma A. Varghese Sr. Education Consultant, NAAC	7.	Prof. Dipesh Chandranath Director, UGC-Academic Staff College, University of Calcutta, 92 A P C. Road, Kolkata-700009, West Bengal
3.	Dr. Dnyan Patil Director, UGC-Academic Staff College, University of Pune, Publication Dept., 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor, Ganeshkind, Pune-411007	8.	Dr. V.L. Dharukar Director, UGC-Academic Staff College, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar, Marathwada University, Aurangabad-431004, Maharashtra
4.	Prof. P. Sivagnana Murthy Director, UGC-Academic Staff College, Physics Block, Central College Campus, Bangalore University, Bangalore	9.	Prof. Siddiqui Ali Director, UGC-Academic Staff College, Osmania University, Hyderabad-500 007
5.	Prof. K.G. Bhattacharyya Director, UGC-Academic Staff College Gauwati University, Gauwati-781 014, Assam	10.	Dr. Som Dev Director, UGC-Academic Staff College, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur - 302 004, Rajasthan
6.	Prof. Yoginder Verma Director, UGC-Academic Staff College, Himachal Pradesh University, Shimla-171005	_11.	Prof. Akhtar Siddiqui Director, UGC-Academic Staff College, Jamia Millia Islamia, Jamia Nagar New Delhi - 110 025

12.	<b>Dr. Jagannath Patil</b> Deputy Adviser, NAAC	15.	<b>Dr. Sujatha P Shanbag</b> Asst. Adviser, NAAC
13.	<b>Dr. M Shyamsundar</b> Deputy Adviser, NAAC	16.	<b>Dr. K N M Pillai</b> Academic Consultant, NAAC
14.	Mr. B S Ponmudiraj Asst. Adviser, NAAC	17.	<b>Dr. S R Raghavan</b> Librarian, NAAC

# ONE-DAY SEMINAR ON "STUDENT PARTICIPATION IN QUALITY ENHANCEMENT"

Sl. No.	Name and Address of the UGC-ASC	Date of the Event
1.	UGC-Academic Staff College, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur-302004, Rajasthan	30 July, 2006
2.	UGC-Academic Staff College, Himachal Pradesh University, Shimla-171005, Himachal Pradesh	3 August, 2006
3.	UGC-Academic Staff CollegeGauhati University, Guwahati-781014, Assam	12 August, 2006
4.	UGC-Academic Staff College, University of Calcutta, 92 A P C. Road, Kolkata-700009, West Bengal	18 August, 2006
5.	UGC-Academic Staff College, University of Kerala, Thiruvananthapuram-695034, Kerala	19 August, 2006
6.	UGC-Academic Staff College, University of Pune, Publication Dept., 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor, Ganeshkind, Pune-411007, Maharashtra	19 August, 2006
7.	UGC-Academic Staff College, Osmania University, Hyderabad-500007, Andhra Pradesh	19 August, 2006
8.	UGC-Academic Staff College, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar, Marathwada University, Aurangabad-431004, Maharahstra	20 August, 2006
9.	UGC-Academic Staff College, Jamia Millia Islamia, Jamia Nagar, New Delhi-110 025	29 August, 2006
10.	UGC-Academic Staff College, Physics Block, Central College Campus, Bangalore University, Bangalore-560 001, Karnataka	2 September, 2006

# ONE-DAY SEMINAR ON "STUDENT PARTICIPATION IN QUALITY ENHANCEMENT"

Programme organized by: UGC-ASC......

Programme sponsored by: NAAC

Participants: Random Sample of Students
Date: July / August/September 2006

**Programme** 

9.30 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Registration

10.00 a.m. to 10.20 a.m. Introduction to the programme

(Director, ASC/Resource Person/

NAAC Observer)

10.20 a.m. to 11.20 a.m. My Understanding of "Quality"

(Students Responses)

11.20 a.m. to 12.20 p.m. Students' Views Matter:

Feedback mechanisms for Quality Enhancement (Students Responses)

12.20 p.m. to 1.20 p.m. How Students can participate in Institutional

Quality Assessment by NAAC

(Students Responses)

1.20 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Concluding session

(Director, ASC/Resource Person/

NAAC Observer)

1.30 p.m. Lunch

### **QUESTIONNAIRE**

## NAAC Seminar on Students Participation in Quality Enhancement

National Assessment Accreditation Council, Bangalore is committed to quality assurance in higher education throughout the country. In this context NAAC has taken a number of initiatives. It strongly feels that students are important stakeholders in higher education and their participation will certainly enhance total quality. You being awakened student is expected to express your views in the following paras about how the students can be made to participate in various activities. Your opinion will enable the NAAC to initiate desired interventions.

### **Students Participation in Quality Enhancement**

I.	Background Characteristics				
1.	Name:				
2.	Ger	nder : Male/Female			
3.	Bac	kground : Rural/Urban			
4.	Course in which enrolled :				
5.	Tick (P) the appropriate category you represent:				
	a.	Rank holders			
	b.	Sports person			
	c.	Cultural activities			
	d.	SC/ST/OBC/Gen.			

St	udents Perception About Quality
W	hat do you think about quality education?
ed	your opinion, is the present education system providing quality ucation?
If	no, what are the possible reasons
На	ow can the higher educational institutions enhance/improve quality in
	gher education?
	teachers encourage students participation? Yes/No
If y	yes, in what forms
a.	
b.	Encouragement in the class, by inviting questions, arranging discussions, etc.
D.	
D. С.	discussions, etc.
	discussions, etc.  Discussions outside the class
c.	discussions, etc.  Discussions outside the class Involvement in group activities
c. d.	discussions, etc.  Discussions outside the class Involvement in group activities Inspired to participate in cultural/sports activities, etc.

### III. Students Participation in Enhancing Quality Education

- 10. You may be participating in various activities. Tick (P) the activities in which you participate:
  - a. Class seminars and discussions

Any other \_\_\_\_\_

g.

b. Participation in the activities of subject societies/clubs

<ul> <li>j. Participation in political activities</li> <li>k. Participation in fairs and festivals organized by the institution</li> <li>l. Activities of Students Central Association</li> <li>m. Representation in different college/university committees/group</li> <li>n. Awareness campaigns such as mass literacy, consumer protecti environmental issues, AIDS, etc.</li> <li>o. Social welfare activities</li> <li>p. Tutorials</li> <li>q. House activities in the college</li> <li>r. Any other (<i>Please specify</i>)</li> <li>11. To what extent you are satisfied with your participation in the aboactivities?</li> <li>a) To a great extent</li> <li>b) To a moderate extent</li> <li>c) To some extent</li> <li>d) Not satisfied</li> <li>12. Kindly give your free and frank opinion about how students can activ participate in enhancing quality in various activities mentioned below:</li> <li>a) Congenial and healthy campus life</li> </ul>		Student Participation in Quality Ennance
<ul> <li>e. Inter-college competitions</li> <li>f. NSS</li> <li>g. NCC</li> <li>h. Freshers' Day/Farewell functions</li> <li>i. Committees formed for maintaining discipline, cleanliness etc. (if a j. Participation in political activities</li> <li>k. Participation in fairs and festivals organized by the institution</li> <li>l. Activities of Students Central Association</li> <li>m. Representation in different college/university committees/group</li> <li>n. Awareness campaigns such as mass literacy, consumer protectien environmental issues, AIDS, etc.</li> <li>o. Social welfare activities</li> <li>p. Tutorials</li> <li>q. House activities in the college</li> <li>r. Any other (<i>Please specify</i>)</li> <li>11. To what extent you are satisfied with your participation in the aboractivities?</li> <li>a) To a great extent</li> <li>b) To a moderate extent</li> <li>c) To some extent</li> <li>d) Not satisfied</li> <li>12. Kindly give your free and frank opinion about how students can active participate in enhancing quality in various activities mentioned below:</li> <li>a) Congenial and healthy campus life</li> </ul>	c.	Sports
f. NSS g. NCC h. Freshers' Day/Farewell functions i. Committees formed for maintaining discipline, cleanliness etc. (if a j. Participation in political activities k. Participation in fairs and festivals organized by the institution l. Activities of Students Central Association m. Representation in different college/university committees/group n. Awareness campaigns such as mass literacy, consumer protectien vironmental issues, AIDS, etc. o. Social welfare activities p. Tutorials q. House activities in the college r. Any other (Please specify)  1. To what extent you are satisfied with your participation in the aboractivities? a) To a great extent b) To a moderate extent c) To some extent d) Not satisfied  2. Kindly give your free and frank opinion about how students can active participate in enhancing quality in various activities mentioned below: a) Congenial and healthy campus life	d.	Cultural activities
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participate in enhancing quality in various activities mentioned below:  a) Congenial and healthy campus life	d)	Not satisfied
		ndly give your free and frank opinion about how students can actively rticipate in enhancing quality in various activities mentioned below:
	a)	Congenial and healthy campus life
b) Co-curricular activities	b)	Co-curricular activities

ľ	Maintenance of infrastructure				
(	Curriculum development				
_ ]	Гeaching-Learning in classroom				
	Organisation of academic activities such as subject committees, debate quiz competition				
ľ	Management of academic/curricular events				
5	Social work and extension activities				
	Maintenance and utilization of learning resources such as laboratories nuseums, computer labs., library, etc.				
(	Career Guidance and Counselling				
I	Redressal of complaints and grievances				
Ā	Any other				
_					

## FEEDBACK FROM STUDENT PARTICIPANTS

1.	What message are you carrying with you?
2.	After attending this Seminar, what would be your future course of action?
3.	What were your expectations from this Seminar? Have they been met?
4.	To what extent were your expectations met by the Seminar?
5.	What were the three things you liked most during this seminar?
6.	Suggestions, if any
7.	How do you describe the interactions at the Seminar? Name, Class and Name of the College
	Signature

## LIST OF CONVENERS AND RESOURCE PERSONS AT THE TEN ONE-DAY SEMINARS

Sl.No.	University	Co	Convenors/Resource persons for the seminar	
1.	University of Rajasthan Jaipur	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	Dr. Som Dev, Director, UGC-ASC  Dr. Suresh C. Joshi, Deputy Director, UGC-ASC.  Dr. Sushila Pareek, Assistant Professor, Dept. of Psychology	
2.	Himachal Pradesh University, Shimla	1. 2. 3.	Dr. Yoginder Verma, Director, UGC-ASC Dr. N. S. Bist Dr. Sanjiv Bragta	
3.	Gauhati University Gauhati	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Shri. K. G. Bhattacharyya, Director, UGC-ASC  Prof. A. C. Bhagabati, Former V. C., Arunachal University  Prof. D. C. Barooah, Former Registrar, Gauhati University  Prof. D. K. Barua, Formerly Principal, Cotton College  Prof. O. K. Medhi, Formerly Dean, Gauhati University  Prof. (Mrs.) Priyam Goswami, Head, Gauwati University	

Sl.No.	University	Co	nvenors/Resource persons for the seminar
4.	Calcutta University Kolkata	1. 2.	Dr. Dipes Chandra Nath, Director, UGC-ASC Prof. D. K. Basu,
		ν.	Former Vice Chancellor, Burdwan University, West Bengal & Tripura University, Tripura
5.	University of Kerala Thiruvananthapuram	1.	Dr. John Kattakayam, Director, UGC-ASC
		2.	Dr. M. K. Ramachandran Nair, Vice Chancellor, University of Kerala
		3.	Dr. Kevin,
			Former Pro Vice Chancellor, University of Kerala
		4.	Dr. Mariamma A. Varghese, Senior Education Consultant, NAAC (Observer)
6.	University of Pune Pune	1.	Dr. Dnyan Patil, Director, UGC
		2.	Dr. S. A. Sonawane
		3.	Dr. Prakash Gambhir
		4.	Prof. Katre Shakuntala, Senior Academic Consultant, NAAC (Observer)
7.	Osmania University Hyderabad	1.	Prof. Siddiq Ali, Director, UGC-ASC
		2.	Dr. T. Vijay Kumar, Associate Professor and member IQAC, O.U. (Moderator)

Sl.No.	University	Conve	nors/Resource persons for the seminar
8.	Dr. B. A. Marathwada University, Aurangabad	1.	Dr. V. L. Dharurkar, Director, UGC-ASC
		2.	Prof. N.N. Naik, Public Administration
		3.	Dr. Afaque Khan,
			Deputy Director, UGC-ASC
		4.	Prof. S. M. Datey
9.	Jamia Millia Islamia New Delhi	1.	Prof. M. Akhtar Siddiqui, Director, UGC-ASC
		2.	Dr. Anisar Rahman, Reader
		3.	Dr. Syeda Azra Bane Jamal, Lecturer
10.	Bangalore University Bangalore	1.	Dr P. Sivagnana Murthy, Director, UGC-ASC
		2.	Dr. A.S. Vaidya, Reader, UGC-ASC
		3.	Prof. R. Venkatasubbaiah (Resource person)
		4.	Mr. B. S. Ponmudiraj, Assistant Adviser, NAAC(Observer)

## STUDENTS VIEWS ON: 'MY UNDERSTANDING OF QUALITY'

Understanding the 'Quality Concept'		
felt. Quality begins with	Quality is a kind of value addition at personal, familial, social and national levels.	and dominant factor of
Quality refers to internal and external evaluation of one's up to the mark performance.	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	excellence and level of
quality as the condition that promotes all round	Quality is a subjective notion with a sense of betterment and a move towards excellence.	optimal satisfaction
1		

Quality rests on self-confidence, to serve the society.		between the code of ethics and ways of need fulfillment.
Quality should be enhanced so that it is on par with global standards.	regular improvement, overall development,	own inherited meaning, which is fullest in itself and which acts as a medium for continual
	Quality should be perceived as one's unique expression in the best possible way.	<u>-</u>
Quality is multi dimensional.	may be understood	Quality refers to dynamic, innovative and non-specific code of conduct, which has utilitarian and developmental value for various societal agencies.

Quality is where the input specifications are exacting with output measures with minimal disparity between aspirations and reality, between ideals and achievements.	I-Intelligent, and T-Talented	Quality may be defined in terms of attainment of some measurable and specified parameters of progress.
	Quality is the practical knowledge to lead a comfortable life	-
Value- based education; over-all development of individuals;	Quality is the capacity to distinguish between knowledge and wisdom Full expression of innate talents; acquisition of knowledge;	-
Spiritual education	Moral development; creativity and self-confidence to deal with day to day affairs.	Excellence in production
Refinement of character and conduct etc.	Finest product always in demand.	How to face challenges in life.
Quality should be for one and all, not just subject oriented but aimed at grooming the personality.	How to live in society	

## UNDERSTANDING QUALITY IN THE CONTEXT OF EDUCATION

## How students perceived it as important in Education or in Institutions

attitude of the student	Quality should start from lower classes and students should be able to apply the theories imbibed in the practical field.	for improving the
Students should be provided with necessary skills.	They expressed the view that education is an investment.	
There should be suitable academic ambience, which is conducive to the promotion of healthy relations between the students and Management.	Students should be benefited socially and culturally.	Education is to improve knowledge skills, competency, to give the right attitude to serve the society.
	determinant of the quality of education provided by	Education is a process of assimilation.

would become apparent if the curriculum had adaptability and was	Higher education is needed to emphasize the practical aspects of learning and encourage critical and creative thinking.	academic development as well as the social and cultural development of
depended on the overall academic environment of	implemented with	Application of knowledge should be the
should not be tied to	Shortcomings of infrastructure could be ignored if there was a genuine desire to improve the quality of education	should always be directed towards the frontiers of different
on assessing the all-	Cultural and social relationship should be nurtured and patronized.	be achieved only if

procedures were necessary.		
come only if there were quality teachers who were good communicators, who could win students away from private tuitions and	Quality could be gauged in terms of relevance of the course curriculum, teacher quality, teaching techniques, teacherstudent ratio and the demand for courses offered by the institution	education should be an enjoyable experience. Students would benefit from counseling and this needed to be provided in
implemented as these	Quality means the standard of the Institution which is judged by its infrastructure, teaching-learning method and student support & progression	

## STUDENTS VIEW ON QUALITY CONCERNS

## What are the measures to improve the quality of Education or Institution

Fulltime teachers must be appointed instead of C.H.B. (contract on hourly basis)	information was not	Random selection of syllabus is done not taking into account whether it has been learnt earlier.
Political interference such as election of Board of Studies must be avoided.	Staff should be appointed on a permanent basis.	They raised the point that rare chances are given to present their views.
The college Principals/ Teachers must maintain personal dialogue with the students.	The seminars conducted at the colleges are mere attempts to please the NAAC rather than fulfillment of motives.	
Vocational Education must be introduced with the degree levels.	6	Scientific and systematic restricting of syllabus has to be done at the appropriate time.
that only a cream of students enter the professional stream	Teachers often did not have up to date information and if the students give such information in their examination scripts, they	should be revamped and

at this stage, due to the lack of permanent teachers.	are not given marks.	
	He also thought that new and more contemporary courses needed to be introduced.	of teachers who only
From the response of the students it was evident that in many colleges, even if there was an IQAC, the students were unaware of its existence.		with better access to information and also felt that co-curricular
was being stifled by teachers who spoon-fed them with dictated notes.	Little effort by teachers to help students build concepts and this was reflected in the lack of analytical abilities in students.	education would improve dramatically if the rampant problem of

It was important that the spirit of learning be emphasized. He stressed that the importance of co-curricular activities was being ignored and these activities were only evident during the annual college festivals or youth festivals.	Most of the teachers had a negative outlook and they hardly encouraged students to take to general higher education.	-
Difficulties in achieving quality in a situation where teachers denigrate their own profession, are apathetic and complacent.	quality in the Higher Education System	libraries which stocked only text books, depriving the students of a varied choice for
Both teachers and students tended to neglect elective subjects and also that students of sciences and humanities were split along faculty lines, giving rise to an unhealthy environment.	students as well as teachers are not aware of	provide students with

# THEME II: STUDENTS RESPONSES TO THE ISSUE OF FEEDBACK MECHANISM FOR QUALITY ENHANCEMENT

### The need for student feedback in an educational institution

Students' views matter, or should matter, because they have the highest stakes in the entire process.	Make students aware of their rights and responsibilities. Give them the confidence, not through words but deeds, that their views do indeed matter.	ambience—friendly and interactive classrooms, regular student-teacher interaction—in which the
Feedback should be a regular feature. It should not be done anonymously but through a face-to-face dialogue.	discriminate among students with different levels of competence. Make special effort to	the pre-requisite of a meaningful feedback. While students should be true to themselves, teachers/administrators should be open-minded
Feedback should cover all aspects—course content, classroom environment, infrastructure, administration, and institution.	Balance between livelihood requirements and ethical standards.	0

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important, but the institution should not of	dependent is substantially in student	to be encouraged to consider the student
If there is a student feedback system, it may be more appropriate to consider the students as co-constructors to facilitate quality improvement.	Review and feedback mechanism.	There should be a student body to interact with the Management and staff.
Involvement in group activities  Motivate to take up creative works	Inspired to participate in cultural/sports activities, etc.	Encourage to participate in social work Discussions outside the class

Practical application of theoretical knowledge	In addition, feedback should also be taken from students on their needs, aims and aspirations. Students should also be encouraged to give their feedback on important developments in the society which affect their lives or agitate their minds.	class by inviting questions, arranging
Knowledge with moral attitude, skillful aspects with practical implementation, giving satisfaction to individual and fulfills responsibilities towards society.	, and the second	

## STUDENT'S VIEWS ON THE DIFFERENT METHODS OF SEEKING THE STUDENT FEEDBACK

Like NCC or NSS wings, there should a regular feedback cell in every institution to collect, analyze, and suggest action to be taken.	Feedback need not have a single format. While some kinds of feedback may be collected through s t u d e n t - t e a c h e r interaction, others may be taken in the form of questionnaires, and even anonymous submissions through suggestion boxes.	Student-staff committees may be formed to regularly share a two-way feedback, and act as a liaison between the students and the management.
important source of feedback. The alumni,	and the industry is another important source	mechanism is the student
They also insisted upon student evaluation of teachers which is not properly done at present.	There should be student representatives at IQAC	PTA meeting should be convened regularly.
Students should have free access to the inspection team of NAAC.	Students expressed the view that there should be websites which enable students to air their opinions.	They stressed the need for implementing classes on nature and culture and self evaluation of students.

PTA meetings, PTS interaction, peer groups, to point out the shortcomings should be convened.	Evaluation of teachers should be done by outgoing students.	
Seminars on Student Reflection Programmes should be conducted.	A Strength-weakness analysis system should be maintained in every department.	discussions about
autonomous body of students and former students to collect	NAAC should have a student interface in their website so that students could provide their feedback directly.	NAAC should be
_	There should be p l a n n i n g , implementation, and evaluation after any event. There should be an open meeting with the Principal as moderator. Evaluation should be made after each semester.	obtained from regular and academically competent students and suggested that attendance in class and marks obtained in

possibility of involving parents in the feedback process since the higher education system also needs to take cognizance	A point was made that not all students in an institution get the opportunity to participate in the feedback mechanism, especially if the institution has a large enrolment.	what is required and
compulsory feedback and evaluation of teachers by students which should cover teaching methodology,	structured properly in a forum for student- teacher-administration	

## STUDENTS VIEWS ABOUT THEIR INSTITUTION'S FEEDBACK MECHANISMS:

### The concerns

There should be programmes aimed at creating a greater awareness about the NAAC.	NAAC should be continued throughout, not just the	he felt that learning was being affected by the fact
	although the Principal was aware of this no steps were being taken. He wondered	opinion expressed in the feedback could invite punitive action from the
Apprehensions indicated a lack of mutual trust between the teacher and the taught.		empowered to question the

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much of the purpose of	Overcrowding of educational institutions, lack of adequate resources, poor quality of education at primary level, lack of competence and motivation.	The present education lacks a good interaction among the students and teachers and there is less use of modern technologies which can prove to be very helpful in imparting quality education.
rural and urban educational system.		students with a new outlook towards the
education is lacking in a few areas namely career orientation, students'	Indifferent attitude of government to provide basic infrastructure and lack of opportunities for students to demonstrate his skills, potential etc.	In majority of the institutions, merit occupies back seat and reservation and quota occupy the first position.
Academic institutions are full of politics	In the present system, percentage of marks is the sole criteria of judging a student and his overall understanding and practical knowledge has no place in the system.	deserving teachers at

system has a lot of	Education has become commercial and it lacks moral and ethical values.	
academic institutions is more inclined towards	The present system of appointing teachers to a large extent is not up to the mark.	system is mismanaged in
system has been trying to achieve a certain level of quality but has been found to be lacking when compared with the others. The policy is made but the	system is imparting a	obsolete and what is taught is different from what the industry demands. Furthermore there is lack of infrastructure in terms of

Students do not have many expectations from the present education system	Input at primary level is worthless, they just make students learn, doesn't develop their mental abilities. So much of the potential remains untapped initially and half of education potential gets wasted by corruption, nepotism and reservation for schedule castes and scheduled tribes.	was regularity and accountability on the part
Participating students also emphasized upon regular teachers' training programmes and result oriented incentives for them.	duties for addressing	extra time for
strict disciplinary action should be taken against	Regular experience sharing and intellectual discussions should be held among the teaching fraternity.	mechanism should ensure selection of the
Engaging in private tuitions should be strictly monitored.		It should be ensured that the student is not victimized for making a complaint.

Quality education broadens the students mental horizon and make them able to face the competitive world. Quality education could be summarized as the overall development of mind, body and spirit.	competent to global competition and at least to stand on one's own.	should provide realistic job oriented education. It
education should be to bring uniformity in the	Quality education should be innovative, flexible and adaptable to new global phenomenon.	about to develop the talent of a student so that
developing such qualities in students which will make his life worth living	Quality education should strengthen a student physically as well as mentally and provide a competitive atmosphere in schools and colleges.	strictly the education which brings about the overall social, religious, political, economic,

enriches, enlightens and liberates a person,	Quality education increases the confidence of a student and spreads awareness about social responsibility.	a person competent, skillful, professional and
something which takes the best out of a person so that he or she can use that talent for his personal	Quality education is to make students aware of their responsibilities, actions, values and to develop a healthy and friendly relationship with everybody.	should make students capable of taking responsibilities of ourselves, family, our job
enriching the standards of an institution and	institutions as well as in	technical resources for better understanding,

improving the quality of	The efforts should be to maintain a good teacher-student ratio, a congenial atmosphere and reservation only on the basis of economic backwardness.	education can be achieved by developing a curriculum in which there is participation of almost
attitude of the management, discipline, imparting moral education, strict adherence to rules and regulations, avoiding	The higher educational institutions should be innovative and pragmatic in their approach towards the development of education. Interaction with foreign universities can play an important role.	still to improve, little to impart. Technical knowledge, transparency in administration, less of bureaucratization of education, and
can improve the quality of their education by more		incentives to those students who belong to rural areas as compared to the ones who already have a higher awareness and knowledge.
interference of politicians and banning participation of students in political	By providing excellent teaching faculty and providing teaching based on overall development of a human being.	infrastructural facilities in all academic institutions.

1		be promoted in the
By encouraging each and every student to get involved in the group activities, irrespective of their educational background, quality will improve.	expensive education, to economically weak but meritorious students and	and suitable methods, the level of satisfaction could be enhanced in the
on practical knowledge than on theoretical knowledge. Students should be encouraged to	impartiality in the system	involved in group tasks and maximum exposure should be given to them by working in different

Personal interaction of teachers with students must be encouraged and proper guidance should be given to each student.		should also be held in the
Higher educational institutions need to have updated curricula which focus not only on theoretical knowledge but make students capable to handling all sorts of challenges with confidence and sustainability.	Career oriented courses and vocational trainings.	Innovative, creative and interactive teaching-learning methods.
Value oriented education	Objective assessment of the students.	Vibrant and sensitive faculty.
Updated and relevant syllabus.	Suitable infrastructure	Self evaluation on the part of teachers and students
Use of advanced technology.	Abundance of extra and co-curricular activities.	Regular publication of research findings.
Starting of the semester system.	Well advanced information about examination pattern like semester system, objective type paper, etc.	

Change and reform in evaluation and revaluation pattern.	Increasing the number of short questions, instead of only five essay type questions.	papers at institutions
Minimizing the number of answer books to be checked in one day.	_	mass-copying practice at some institutions.
Initiating on-line examination.	Making a compulsory attempt of each unit segmentation.	Making provision of internal evaluation by teachers.
should uncover the students' originality, c r e a t i v i t y , innovativeness, practical	Regular presentations, projects, minor research projects, case studies, and observation reports should be made mandatory and evaluated properly	mechanism where a small group of students are attached to certain teachers so as have

## STUDENTS RESPONSES ON HOW THEY CAN PARTICIPATE IN INSTITUTIONAL QUALITY ASSESSMENT BY NAAC

	There should be more inter-active sessions between students and the NAAC team.	teachers) should be made aware of NAAC quality assessment parameters. There should be open debates about the validity, relevance, and applicability of the parameters in the
Assessment by NAAC should not be a one-time affair but a continuous process.	Students can contribute to shaping and assessing the quality of the learning process and higher education in general.	considered in the preparation of the
Students are the most vital component of the educational spectrum.	They can become an asset to the society.	To promote them in such a way that everyone actively participates and contributes.

## STUDENTS VIEWS ON THE MODE OF INVOLVEMENT IN A/A BY NAAC

<u> </u>	structure, availability of	with student representatives should be made to assess the availability of facilities in
be prepared and the student representative of a committee should directly place that report	who can be contacted at regular intervals of time to make NAAC aware of the facilities being	suggestions/views through their college/ institution bulletin magazine. A copy of the same should be regularly
Cell with teachers,	administrative processes.	an institution should take into account the views of students, alumni, parents, society, and the industry. It should also consider the placement record of the

	students more responsible and accountable.	
	To make it more effective the NAAC should attempt surprise visits.	
Sub committees with staff and student coordinators should be formed.	IQAC co-ordinators of all colleges should be given instructions for ensuring the proper functioning of IQAC.	participation in
typically takes place	There should be a regular student forum, which will also give the student's satisfaction index.	The learning environment should be assessed by student councils and group discussions should be encouraged

	Student participation in quality issues can be done in the many areas	-
way with the Quality Assessment process. She felt that students needed to be kept informed about campus affairs and	improvement of the quality of education provided by an institution will have to come from the students, teachers, administration and other stakeholders in	keeping a closer watch on institutions under its
	sports activities they can make the campus vibrant	participants opined that the formation of Alumni Associations could

## STUDENTS CONCERNS REGARDING THE NAAC PROCESS

change of perception to make the students active	There were unreasonable expectations from NAAC. Quality is the result of institutional effort and NAAC is only an external quality assessment agency.	show for the NAAC visit and nothing is sustained
to introspect and	Proper usage, protection and Maintenance of Infrastructure	Some expressed apprehensions that such participation by students might expose them to victimization either by teaching staff or management.
the impression of being a spying body but should act like a friend and guide to make the institution	Students clearly desire to have quality higher education. Teaching and learning research and community engagement are core functions of higher education.	Students were not being provided with the opportunity to participate in the quality assessment process
that just before the NAAC's visit there was a lot of activity with career	He was entirely ignorant of the assessment and accreditation process and this interaction session had provided him with information on this.	

### **RAJASTHAN UNIVERSITY - UGC-ASC**

## Questionnaire circulated to the participants recording their responses

П	Name
	Class
	Faculty
	Category General/SC/ST/OBC/PH (please tick the relevant one)
	Name of the institution
Note	Given below are some statements asking about views and role of students in quality enhancement of higher education. Read them carefully and answer as per your personal opinion.
Q.1	The word quality means for me:-
Q.2	According to me, Indian Higher Education system is:- (Tick one of the below)
	a) Excellent in quality
	b) Satisfactory in quality
	c) Poor in quality
Q.3	In my opinion, quality education should cover the following components.
Q.4	For enhancing quality in higher education, the following initiatives should be undertaken individually by these stakeholders:-
	A) By students-
	B) By teachers-
	C) By Management/Administration-
	D) By Government/Funding agencies-
Q.5	Quality enhancement will bring definite positive changes in general. Of these may be:-
Q. 6	I would like to have the following kind of student services in the higher

The following student services are in function at my institution.

education system:-

Q. 7

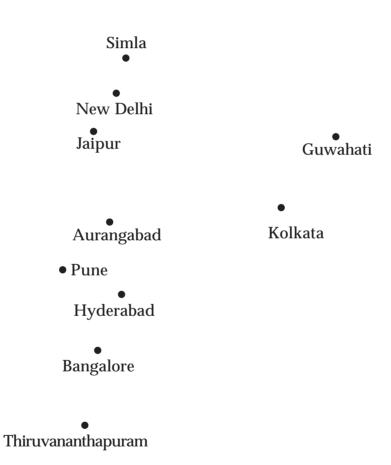
- Q. 8 Past and present results are the best guide for the future. Thus, feedback mechanism is an important tool for quality enhancement. Suggest possible feedback/evaluation practices for the following:-
  - Teachers participation
  - Students Participation
  - Infrastructure
  - Course Content
  - Student Services
  - Examination pattern
  - Teaching aids
  - Library
  - Cafeteria
  - Teacher-students interaction
  - Co-curricular and extra-curricular activities
- Q. 9 Mention the essential qualities of teachers as well as students for achieving excellence in higher education.

Teacher	Students

- Q. 10 In which academic bodies, students should be represented.
- Q. 11 Suggest some strategies for improving teaching-learning quality.
- Q. 12 Are you aware of NAAC?
- Q. 13 Is your institution accredited by NAAC?
- Q. 14 Name two strongest points of your institution, which can be considered for quality.
- Q.15 Name two weakest points which are hampering quality
- Q.16 As an autonomous body of the UGC, NAAC aims at quality promotion of higher education institutes. In your opinion, how students can participate in institutional quality Assessment by NAAC?

#### Annexure - 20

# UGC-ASCs WHERE THE TEN ONE-DAY SEMINARS WERE HELD ON "STUDENT PARTICIPATION IN QUALITY ENHANCEMENT"



Source: www.maps of india.com

Map not to scale

(Approximate locations only)